# Specific SPELINC FATURES Fogus

# BACK TO BASICS

**An Educational Revolution** 

Aart Bark

## Spelling clues 1.

 Frills: ck (The cat and the kangaroo), ff,(rr),II,ss.

"c,f,r,l,s easilily fall or roll over, so they need a twin or a partner".

<u>Short sounds:</u> buck, back, rock, sick, neck. scruff, draff, off, cliff (but: if)

tuft, soft, lift, left.

dull, doll, dill, dell.

bulb, alb, golf, kilt, welt.

truss(but:us, bus(omnibus), gus(Gustavo), pus, plus, thus.

mass, moss, miss, mess, must, asp, cost, mist, best. (but: this)

Long sounds: err(error), chirr, burr, purr where R imitates the sound.

all, ball, call,...

The first L functions as U and thus lengthens the sound; compare: Paul.

**Dutch**: mout, zout, oud, goud, koud. **English**: malt, salt, old, gold, cold.

- Sun: The sun comes up, the sun goes under.
   Son: boy
- 3. **Dutch connection**; (Dutch from Deutsch.): such (zulke), rich (rijk), sandwich(zandwijk) in whick ch relates to k. Compare: Duke, Duchess. Much (from Spanish mucho)

4. **Uassociations**: put, pull, full, bull, push, bush, shush.

"The bull is too full to push or pull the cart out of the bush, so you had better put him away in the manger, stranger," said the ranger.

- 5. **Bus**: the ending in the Latin word omnibus (for everyone).
- 6. Homophones: the ball is red. I read the newspaper.
- I told you so. Joe is going to sow potatoes while his wife is going to sew his button on. sew: e for needle.
- 8. -aw: saw, draw, straw, drawer,...
- 9. For is short: This is for you. Four is long: I'll pour your tea at four.
- 10. **wa**-: Walter wants warm water to wash himself.
- 11. **ir**: associate chirp, bird, girl, shirt, skirt, dirty, birthday. The little girls in their dirty shirts and skirts

The little girls in their dirty shirts and skirts chirped like birds on their friend's birthday.

- 12. Yes: one s. Were you home yesterday? Yes, I was.
- 13. Little, brittle, skittle: Little Miss Brittle can jump over a skittle. The tl order may be heard in littlies. I think that le became the "standardised" ending based on French.

**table**: The English borrowed the word from French but changed the pronunciation. The **ble** order may be heard in **tablet**. In order to become a good and confident speller, we have to adopt the strategy of finding clues. If no relatives can be found, I think it is safe to say that the **le** form is the correct one: apple, jungle, riddle, uncle (French oncle). **Warning**: Don't be put off by exceptions; you

are one yourself.

- 14. **He** is with **he**r in **he**re. **He** is also with **he**r in there, so where are they?
- 15. **O**: **O**nce a m**o**nth on M**o**nday, this m**o**ther can't be bothered to talk to her br**o**ther.
- 16. **Drop the y and put an i**: I say-I said. They-their.
- 17. She rather likes her **fat fat**her.
- 18. Row, cow.
- 19. If you jump into the river, you'll shiver and damage your liver.
- 20. Bill, dill, fill.
- 21. We **are** in the **are**a.
- 22. Rin**s**e: **s** for **s**oap and **s**oak. Compare: The prin**ce** didn't like quin**ce** min**ce** so he started to win**ce**.
- 23. Ask, bask, cask(**Smart** words). No **r** because these words may be pronounced the American (Australian)

way(as **Tan** words).

- 24. ea in head words: ear, hear, heard, deaf, rehearse, heartbeat, breath, breathe.
- 25. **egg**: Two **gs**: one for the **g**oose, one for the **g**ander.
- 26. **O**, zer**o**, **o**ne, tw**o**, n**o**ne, n**o o**ne,...

### **Spelling clues 2**

- Two (Dutch twee, German zwei) relates to twice, twelve and twenty in which the w is heard.
- If you could and you would, you should, but if you couldn't and you wouldn't you shouldn't.
- 3. Some come to me, others go elsewhere. (Dutch: komen, sommige)
- 4. A **man** can live **man**y years but not **an**y number of years. (Dutch: enige, menig)
- 5. ea(eat words): eat, tea, tealeaf, breakfast, bread, cereals, real wheat, peas, beans, pears, peaches.
- 6. ur: Fur. Visualise a curly hair.
  ir: Fir. Visualise the trunk, the shape of the i.

- 7. New, dew, few.
- Our milk was sour within an hour (h for hands).
- 9. Question words and three others: what, when, which, where, who, whom, whose, whether, white, while. (Most people do not pronounce the h any longer)
- 10.She had a bath on the footpath(Smart words). No **r** because they can be pronounced as Tan words.
- 11.**ur** words in Association: T**ur**n (**U**-t**ur**n) off the **ur**n (shape) but don't b**ur**n yourself otherwise you'll get h**ur**t.
- 12.oa words in Association: The coat of our black foal is very shiny because the foal eats a loaf of bread made with linseed and oats. Compare (coat&cloak).
- 13. I do, h**e** do**e**s, sh**e** do**e**s. I go, h**e** go**e**s, sh**e** go**e**s.
- 14.**Dutch connection**: half a calf has two legs.
- 15.0h d**ea**r, I can hardly h**ea**r, I must cl**ea**r my **ea**r.
- 16.When the **poor** man opened the **door** of his shack on the **moor**, the **roof** fell down onto the **floor** so there was not much **room** for him to stay any more.

- 17.Our friend Col loves this colour.
  Unfortunately, he's colour blind.
  Most French nouns ending in eur changed to our: humour, vigour, favour, but: chauffeur.
- 18.Go-gone, do-done.
- 19.**Head words: ea**r, h**ea**r, h**ea**rd, d**ea**f, reh**ea**rse, h**ea**rtb**ea**t, br**ea**th, br**ea**the.
- 20.**Dutch connection**: The **k** words.

Put down your knapsack, knock on the kitchen door with your knife (knippen), your knuckles or your knees, then turn the knurled knob. However, there's knack to it so don't get your knickers in a knot.(knife, knippen: f and p are relatives. Compare Pisces and Fish).

- 21.Bill, will, frill.
- 22.I'll pour your tea at four.
- 23.The **bull** is too **full** to **pull** the cart.
- 24.Tealeaf.
- 25.Double Dutch: Although you are rough, you're not tough enough to lift this heavy doughnut trough when you have such a bad cough.
- 26.Li**ve**, gi**ve**, li**ve**r, gi**ve**r, ri**ve**r. Drop the **e**, put ing: live-living, givegiving.
- 27.Our coal black foal ate the whole loaf.

28.A person who delivers the **mail** is not always a **male**; sometimes, she's a **female**. M**ai**l can go by **ai**r, r**ai**l or s**ai**l.

29.Miss, hiss, kiss.

30.New, news, jew, jews.

31.The load of tadpoles and toads jumped from the truck onto the road.
32.ui: Does fruitjuice with ice suit you?
33.The doctor was not sure how to cure this obscure illness.

34.wrap with. Wrapping paper.

#### Spelling clues 3

- 1. Girlfriend
- 2. All, ball, call.
- 3. Solve: v-u relation (Latin): solve-solution.
- 4. Question words: what, when, why, which, who, whom, whose.
- 5. I'll pour your tea at four.
- 6. Boss, cross, moss.
- 7. All, ball, call.
- 8. ai: bail, sail frail.
- Jack, his face as white as chalk, walked up the beanstalk to talk to the giant's wife because he was in strife.
- 10.Ale, bale, dale.

The sailor put his sailor up for **sale** in Moss **Vale**.

- 11.wa; wash with warm water.
- 12.we were here.
- 13.wh: white, while.
- 14.lt's r**ai**ning ag**ai**n.
- 15.**apple**: Standardised ending; Two **ps**: one for the **pip**, one for the **peel**.
- 16.Hunger, finger, longer, longest in which the g is heard. Compare sing-singing, hanghanging (verbs).
- 17.When we reached the beach, the teacher, Mrs Preacher gave us a peach each. Relate: Beach, sea, ocean.
- 18.eat words: bread, breakfast, cream,...
- 19.A boy in our class lost his double bass and his brass buspass in the tall grass.20.Biff, riff, tiff.
- 21.Ice, dice, rice.
- 22.ence, ent: silence (French). These endings usually mean non-action. ance, ant: Usually corresponds withing: servant-serving.

The **e** sil**e**nce may be heard in sil**e**ncio. (Italian)

23.1'm **after** a four by two **rafter** this **after**noon.(Smart words); no R because they

can be pronounced as Tan words.

- 24.Brown, gown, clown.
- 25.The f**ai**ry came downst**ai**rs to get some fresh **ai**r while sitting in her ch**ai**r.
- 26.Although Jean is rather mean, she always wears clean jeans.
- 27.The picnicker got a tic when he was picnicking during a picnic.
- 28.Rock, sock, block.

29.Carbrake.

- 30.ea: Weak teapots break easily.
- 31.The ac**or**n looked somewhat f**orlor**n when he was b**or**n.
- 32.ir: Three girls came first, second and third. Since they were not only dirty, they were also thirsty, so they needed a drink.
- 33.le: puzzle-puzzling

Ron hit another car front on.

#### Spelling clues 4.

- Tracey Glass, a girl in my class, lost her double bass and her brass buspass in the long grass.
- 2. One hors**e**-two hors**e**s. The silent **e** is heard in the plural form.

Likewise: one hous**e**-two hous**e**s.

- 3. **However**: One mouse-two mice. One lousy louse-two lousy lice.
- Double Dutch: "When you use a light at night, it might make look things shiny and bright," said the knight as he galloped out of sight.
- 5. Brick, quick, sick.
- 6. **ir**: Girls only have dirty shirts and skirts when they play in the dirt.
- 7. **ai**: The m**ai**d was afr**ai**d that she wouldn't be p**ai**d for the carpet she l**ai**d, so she dragged it away with the **ai**d of her br**ai**d during a W.W.II. **ai**rr**ai**d.
- 8. **oe**: Joe hurt his toes, so he took off his shoes which he normally never does. There he goes.
- 9. Poll, roll,toll.
- 10.**Ask, bask, cask**. (Smart words). No **r** because they can be pronounced as Tan words.
- 11.**All, ball, call.**

The first I functions as the **u** in Paul.

- 12.**Drop the y and put an i**: They lost their heirloom.
- 13.He is with her in here. He is also with her in there, so where are they?
- 14.Rose chose to pose as a garden hose; one of those that automatically close.
- 15.Those, not these.

- 16.You'll have to **choose** your own **cheese**. Silent **e** sounds in chooses and cheeses.
- 17.Ta**ble** from French ta**ble**; **ble** order can be found in ta**ble**t.

## 18.Bell, dell, smell.

19.Boys fl**ir**t with g**ir**ls. Sometimes, they squ**ir**t water on them to make them ch**ir**p like b**ir**ds.

## 20.Kick, lick, pick.

- 21.If you would and you could, you should.
- 22.-dge: budge, badge, dodge, bridge, edge.
- 23. A **man** can live **man**y years but not **an**y number of years.

## 24. Cuff, duff, huff.

- 25.**ur**: Mnemonic: **U**niting ch**u**rch.
- 26.ie: The chief's niece used her uncle's briefcase to take a piece of pie to her friend the local priest who had just finished listening to the confession of a local thief.
- 27.Drop the **e**, put **ing**: come-coming.
- 28.It's quite common to put a comma to indicate a short pause. It's shorter than the pause for a semi-colon which in turn is shorter than a full stop.
- 29. Auntie Flo gr**ow**s fl**ow**ers during April

showers for the Royal Easter Show.

30.When the little kitten was bitten and smitten, it hid in a mitten next to the

letter I had written.

31.-tch: clutch, catch, scotch, kitchen, sketch.

- 32.ea Associate: read, teach, learn, speak.
- 33.Although the girl was very **pretty**, it was a **pity** that she took off with the **petty** cash of her boss in the **city**.
- 34."When the sun is low, you'd better wind down the window," said the widow.

## Spelling clues 5.

- 1. **O**: Once a month on Monday, my mother and her brother together with another mother and her brother meet each other.
- 2. Never ever say never. Every time you say it, you may be very sorry you did.
- 3. Don't make the blunder to stand under a tree during a thunder.
- 4. **oa**: A **loa**d of **ta**dp**o**les and **toa**ds jumped from the truck onto the **roa**d.
- 5. Sister Fairy**floss** walked **across** the **moss** to give the holy **cross** a new **gloss**.
- 6. **ie**: The Sheff**ie**ld Sh**ie**ld Match is held on a cricket field because it will yield more runs.
- 7. Doubles in the middle to maintain a short sound: sudden, middle, meddle.

- 8. Don't jump into the icy river, you will start to shiver and damage your liver.
- 9. Long-longer-longest. Short-shorter-shortest.
- 10.The French Connection: **tion**: sta**tion**, na**tion**, vaca**tion**.
- 11.Although Sid is **vivid**, he is rather **timid**. (No doubles: timide, vivant, French)
- 12.**au**: Why is there a p**au**se in the appl**au**se? Bec**au**se.
- 13.**aw**: L**aw** of the jungle: p**aw**s and cl**aw**s turn r**aw** meat into colesl**aw**.
- 14.A cat walks on all **fours**.
- 15.Floors and doors are not made with straws.
- 16.Silent **e**: puls**e**-puls**e**s.
- 17.Double s: cuss, fuss, muss, truss. Single s: us, bus, Gus, pus, plus, thus, crus.
- 18.Back, black, shack.
- 19.ve: When twelve elves jumped off the shelves, they hurt themselves.
- 20.Between seven and eleven, the elephants got ants in their pants.
- 21.Oh dear, I nearly cut off my ear.
- 22.Our milk was sour in less than an **h**our (**h** for **h**ands).
- 23.1 do, he does, she does. 1 go, he goes, she goes.

24.If Joe doesn't hurt his toes, he does wear shoes.

25.**The Greek connection**: phonograph, (sound grooves) telephone (far sound), telegraph (far write), telescope (far see), phonograph (sound grooves)

26.Silent e: lapse-time lapses.

Compare: One lap around the oval.

Two laps around the oval.

27.-tch: Crutch, scratch, blotch, stitch, stretch. 28.-dge: Sludge, badge, lodge, ridge, pledge.

29.-ough(Double Dutch): This doughnut trough is too heavy to heave, especially when you have a bad cough.

Th**ough** he was a thor**ough** student, he didn't get thr**ough** the test the way he th**ough**t he would.

30.wa: A black swan in a W. A. swamp wanted to swap its feathers with those of a white swan sitting in the sun. however, as it started to squat near the white one, a nasty wasp used its wand to cause the deal to be undone.

- 1. Note: **say** rhymes with **may**, but **says** rhymes with **fez**.
- 2. **Deal, heal, meal, weal, steal**,... Heal relates to healthy, weal to wealthy, steal to stealthy.
- 3. **Eel, feel, heel**,... Heel relates to knee and feet.
- 4. **Spanish connection**: much from mucho.
- 5. Dutch connection: such from zulke; hence not tch. Same for rich (rijk), which (welke), and sandwich (zandwijk), greenwich (Groenwijk).
- 6. -tch: This witch has a broomstick with a lightswitch.
- 7. **Touch**: French toucher, hence not tch. **Mnemonic**: ouch, don't touch.
- 8. **ur**: turn (u-turn) off the urn (shape) but don't burn yourself.
- 9. **I go, he goes**, she goes. I do, he does, she does, it does.
- 10.Beak,leak,peak,...

Associate: a leaking teapot. You buy leeks at the greengrocer.

11.We shall all throw the ball over that tall wall.

- 12.The rain in Spain falls mainly on the plain and then down the drain again.
- 13.French connection: terrible. Ible

ending because terr is not a full word. Compare: horrible, possible, incredible. 14.Act, fact, pact, tact, bract, tract. 15.Year, near, hear,... It is nearly new year. 16.Bow, cow, how,... 17.Binge, hinge, singe,... 18.Sow, blow, flow,... 19.**All, ball, call,...** 20.Town, gown, brown,... 21.**Skip, pip, hip**,... 22.Last, mast, past,... No r, hence they are pronounced as **Tan words** by some people. 23.Mild, wild, child. The L lengthens the sound. (L makes i say its name) 24. Child-children. (short: dr against L) 25.Add: Two ds: 1+1=2 26.1'm going to the zoo at ten to two. Are you going too? (short) (long) 27.Few, dew, new,... 28.Own, known, shown, blown, flown, grown, thrown. 29.Joe is going to sow potatoes while his wife is going to **sew** his shirt butt**on on**.

- sew: **e** for n**ee**dle.
- 30.Joe puts his toes in his shoes before he goes out to check his potatoes and his tomatoes. (Dutch: schoen)

- 31.-**able**: The const**able** is **able** to slide along a c**able** from the g**able** onto a t**able** in the st**able**.
- 32.ey: The donkey and the monkey lost the key to their car in Sydney, so then they couldn't buy honey for their money.
- 33.0a: oak, soak, cloak, croak, oaken. When the boatman put his cloak to soak in some soapy water, he tripped over his oaken bucket and croaked.
- 34.**ie**: The ch**ie**f's niece gave her piece of pie to the local priest.
- 35.ea: Peace be with you in heaven, on earth, at sea and on the oceans.
- 36."You are nearly as tall as a **fir, sir**," said a **girl** in **first** grade.
- 37.ea: Bear in mind that a bare footed bear would like to eat you apart from just peaches and pears.
- 38.Before Sky went out to **buy** loaves of rye bread **by** the dozen for his cousin, he said good-**bye**.
- 39.**Silent u**: "Buy means purchase with money out of your purse," said the nurse. (The money is in the **u**-shaped pouch: visualised spelling).

## Spelling clues 7.

- Homophones (sound the same): "My son is a good boy," said the mother to her brother. The sun comes up and then goes under.
- 2. Aunt: (French and Dutch: tante). **Mnemonic**: aunt and

**un**cle (French: oncle)

- If you replace the two eyes with two es and imagine the eyebrows and nose to represent the y, then the resulting picture looks eye.
   eye words: eyes see, peek, peer, weep, sleep, seek.
- 4. Homophones: peer (look) and pier (where the ferries moor).
  Peter looks up to his peers.
- 5. Homophones: peek (look) and mountain peak which rises up from the sea and reaches into the heavens.
- 6. Low, slow, mow,...
- Homophones: The Jew blew out his candle (le: candle-candler).
   Sue is always dressed in blue.
- 8. The cow and the sow had a row over who should row the prow, so now they both have a thick eyebrow.
- 9. **Question words**: Why, when, where, which, whether, what, who, whom, whose.
- 10.Homophones: When the Jew had the

flu (short for influenza), he was so cold that he flew up to sit on the flue.

- 11.Not every **bowler ea**ts cer**ea**ls out of a **bowl**.
- 12.The f**ai**r h**ai**red f**ai**ry who lived in a l**ai**r on the pr**ai**rie, came downst**ai**rs to sit in her ch**ai**r in order to enjoy the fresh **ai**r.
- 13.ea: The beauty (from French) and the beast went east to have a feast for at least a year in the flat they leased. (I lease-he leases).
- 14.owls and fowl have wings.
  -owl: howl, jowl, yowl, scowl, growl, prowl,...
  A shed full of fowl may emit a foul smell.
  If a player commits a foul, he's usually sent off to sit in the sinbin.
- 15. Drop the y and put an i: city-citizen.
- 16.ea: Easy on please. "Be pleasant to the peacock and the pheasant," said the peasant.
- 17.-dge: Budge, fudge, judge, badge, cadge, fadge, lodge, wodge, splodge, stodge, fidge, midge, ridge, bridge, fridge, edge, hedge, ledge,...
- 18.**ea**: I f**ea**r that soon I won't be able to h**ea**r; I'm going d**ea**f.
- 19.**Silent b**: Comb (**comb**ination of teeth or **b**rush). Climb (clamber), lamb (baa baa

**b**lack sheep), thum**b** (**b**oth hands), doorjam**b** (leg of the door opening, from French:

jam**b**e), num**b**, **p**lum**b**er (**pb**: lead).

- 20**.-ain**: gain, main, pain,...
- 21.**Homophones**: Electric **cord**. A **cord** to fasten something.

A **chord** is played on a musical instrument. Relate: **ch**oir and **ch**orus

- 22.**ea**: eat, beat, heat,...
- 23.The bull is too full to pull or push the cart out of the bush. (Dutch: bos)
- 24.**Silent e**; els**e**; can be heard in someone els**e**'s.
- 25.ey: birds of prey: They have grey eyes.
- 26.ea: dead, head, lead,...
- 27.**Double Dutch**: high (hoog)."Land is **nigh**, "shouted Captain **Bligh** while standing in water **thigh high**.(thigh=dij)
- 28.Ron is an iron monger. Mnemonic: iron ore.
- 29. Drop the **y** and put an **i**: She runs a bus**y** bus**i**ness.

30.er: ern, fern, hern, kern, tern, stern, quern. When Captain Kern shouted, "Full astern" to avoid hitting an ern and a tern, he accidentally tripped over the green fern he kept near the stern, so now he has a hernia.

31.**K words in body language**: Skull, cheekbones, knuckles,

knickerbockers, knees, skin, ank**le**s. (**le**: relate ank**le**ts)

- 32.Homophones: bears don't wear washand-wear underwear. Here, there, where.
- 33.Wire, fire, hire,...
- 34.wor-: The worm works in the underworld. It doesn't say word because its cough is getting worse, so it won't be worth your while to use it as bait.
- 35.wa-: warm water to wash.

36.Prizes come in all sorts of sizes.

- 37.The whole group suffered from **croup** so they ate nothing but **soup**.
- 38.In order to minimise his tax, Max drives a mini- as well as a maxi taxi.
- 39.The **alt**o shouted "h**alt**" because he wanted to buy m**alt** and s**alt**. Table s**al**t.

#### Spelling clues 8

- 1. During a cruise, a Dutch builder spilt fruit juice on his good suit when he bruised his finger.
- 2. Homophones: It seems to always teem with rain when our soccer team has to play in May. The referee deems it unwise to even start the game. What a shame!
- 3. Homophones: This waiter has to wait at least eight months before losing weight (Dutch:

wacht, acht, gewicht).

- 4. Mr Wolf likes to play golf with his little wolves.
- 5. A stove is usually above (Dutch: boven) the oven.
- 6. **oa**: The **oa**f s**oa**ked his c**oa**t and his c**loa**k in s**oa**py water.
- 7. Homophones: He never tires to put new tyres on his car.
- 8. Down, clown, crowm,...
- 9. The sh**ea**ves are too h**ea**vy to h**ea**ve, so leave them alone, Steve.
- 10.Our doctor visits his patients on a motor bike. Visualise doctor: Think of the two o-shapes of his stethoscope. Motor: Think of the two wheels.
- 11.-augh: Homophones: court, caught (think of the a in catch; our tenniscourt.
  The naughty daughter(Dutch: dachter) got caught laughing (Dutch: lachen).
- 12. **o**: Every **o**ther day, the m**o**ther and her br**o**ther meet each **o**ther.
- 13.The donk**ey** and the monk**ey** went to Sydn**ey** to buy hon**ey** for their mon**ey**.
- 14.Double Dutch: knife relates to knippen (to cut). Note: f and p are relatives: pisces-fish (pescador=fisherman in Spanish)
- 15. When the a husband attacked his wife

with **knife**, he was in **strife**.

- 16.**match, catch, latch**,...
- 17.**Prizes** come in all **sizes**.
- 18.The **beast** went **east** to have a **feast**.
- 19.Most people turn on the light at night.
- 20.0: month and Monday relate to moon.
  Once a month on Monday, the iron-monger sells shovels for shoving coal into ovens.
  F and v relationship: change of meaning.
  Shovel relates to Dutch schoffel which means hoe.
- 21.**Silent e:** nois**e**-nois**e**s, hous**e**-hous**e**s.
- 22.Oft is short for often (silent T or not)
- 23.Sick, trick, brick,...
- 24.0a words by Association: The boatman boasted that he could row his boat with only one oar over the roaring and soaring waves along the coast while eating roast on toast.
- 25.Homophones: roar and raw, soar and sore, oar and or.
- 26.Mock, knock, shock,...
  - Miss **Peacock**, dressed in one white and one blue **sock**, a **frock** and a **smock**, got up at five **o'clock** to round up the **stock** near Ayers **Rock**.
- 27.Annual: Relate anniversary, per annum (Latin). French: an-year. **AI** ending because it can be lengthened to annu**ally**

(Adjective to Adverb) Prefix ad means next to. Ject means throw: adject, project, inject, subject

Thus: **An adjective** stands next to a noun(name).

An adverb stands next to a verb.

28.Grass, glass, pass, class, mass.

#### 29.**Once upon**...

30.Bell, fell, knell,...

31.now I know. I should have known it long ago.

32.Double Dutch: You might see better when you turn on the light at night.

33.October was originally the 8<sup>th</sup> month (octopus, ootagon) July (after Julius Ceasar) and August (after the Roman Emperor Augustus) were introduced later. September was the 7<sup>th</sup>, November the 9<sup>th</sup>, December the 10<sup>th</sup> month (compare decimal).

#### Spelling clues 9

- Talk, walk, chalk, stalk: The I functions as a u to lengthen the sound. Compare: auk (diving bird).
- 2. Associate: Teach, learn, read, speak. Each, beach, teach, peach, reach,...

- Have, (Dutch hebben). There is a v b (not Victoria Bitter) relationship. Compare: movemobile.
- 4. Double Dutch: -ough: I thought you might have brought the wrought iron bike you bought. However, you sought to fight with your brother. You fought and you fought but didn't win, so now you, ve got nought.
- Double Dutch: -ough.
   During the drought (droogte), the bough (boog) fell down onto the plough (ploeg).
   Then, nothing was heard but the sough (zuchten) of the wind in the willows by the windows of the widows. (weduwe)
- 6. I'm thr**ough** with you. You can have your dinner th**ough**.
- January: after Janus, the Roman God of End and Beginning, hence his two-faced head.
   Often found at the entrance of a house or a building.

**February**: (French:Fevrier), (Dutch: Februari). The perfect month (between full moon and full moon). 4 weeks of 7 days (4x7=28) 2<sup>nd</sup> month, 8 letters.

- 8. wa: The warden was washing himself with warm water.
- 9. Ruck, truck, struck,...
- 10. Double s, except yes: guess, mess, dress,...

- 11.**Both**: A **Tony** word (long sound) Compare: the moth fell from the cloth into the broth (**Tom**: short sound).
- 12."I wish I knew how to use this new gadget," said the Jew to one member of the crew while they flew.
- 13.**Lamb** (baa baa black sheep). Door **jamb** from French jambe-leg.
- 14.**ai**: the m**ai**d was afr**ai**d that she wouldn't be p**ai**d for the carpet she l**ai**d so she draged it away with the **ai**d of her br**ai**d during an **ai**rr**ai**d.
- 15.1 have to buy **meat** so I'll **meet** you at the butcher's (French boucher).

Meat is an eat word with ea like veal and steak.

When you **meet** your friends in the **street**, you most probably will **greet** them.

- 16.Homophones: the nun (u for church) ate the lot, so there was none left.
- 17.Pass, glass, grass, class, brass, mass (Smart words). Since there is no r, some people pronounce them as Tan words.

18.Homoplones: reins. One for the left hand and one for the right hand.
Reigns: the Queen reigns the Country (she leads). G for regal which means royal.
The rain in Spain falls mainly on the plain.

- 19.There's a book about making different knots used by a seaman. It's called "Forget me knots".
- 20.Lead free: no lead.(scientific symbol: pb, hence plumber, a tradesman who used to work with lead pipes instead of P.V.C. ones) Yesterday my friend lead the way I was led to believe
- 21.**Homophones**: When the **poor** man opened the door of his hut on the moor in Dartmoor, the roof fell down onto the floor.

I'll **pour** your tea at four; now I have to buy some **paw-paw**.

- 22.When it's very hot, sweat keeps **pouring** out of your **pores** more and more as never before.
- 23.Lion from French.

Lions don't eat lemons (round) or melons (round) but they love bacon on toast.

24.**Past, last, mast**,... (Smart words)

- 25.Don't waste my toothpaste in your haste. Less haste, more speed, so don't be too hasty and don't swallow it either because toothpaste is not as tasty as a pasty.
- 26.**ai**: There's only one word like **waist**. I for middle.

**Note**: With homophones, it's enough to learn one; the other is then learnt by elimination.

27.0a: Mr Cockroach, our soccer coach, took us in a Greyhound coach to the Tasman Sea to poach on loach and roach. Afterwards, he broached a cask of lime juice and then bought his wife a brooch. (The Os represent two diamonds)

Note:Long sounds: no tch.

28. Drop the y and put an i: I say-I said 29. Do you know Mrs So and So? No.

- 30.Although **Jean** is **lean** and **mean**, she always wears clean jeans.
- 31.Who's **hose** is this? Mine, so don't **lose** it. I **lost** it already twice before.
- 32.You'll need a **noose** that's not too **loose** to catch a **goose**.
- 33.eat words with ea: meal, bread, meat, veal, steak, breakfast, beans, peas, pears.
- 34.**Most** (Dutch: meest): My boss lost the toss so he lost most of his money.
- 35.Homophones: While you buy a pair of new shoes, I'll buy peaches and pears by the bagful, so good-bye.
- 36.-**al words lengthen to ally**: real, really. Real Estate means Royal Estate; compare: Real Madrid.

37.**Silent g**: sign relates to signature and signal.

38.**o in Sun words**: Love, dove, glove, shove, oven, cover. Put a cover over it.

## Spelling clues 10

- 1. He is too **vain** to ask for help. I offered, but in **vain**, so he's still standing there in the pouring rain, probably till the sun starts shining again.
- 2. Vein: Like rein, think left and right. If the doctor wants to do a blood test, he draws blood out of your vein, either the one in your left-or in your right arm.
- 3. Lane, mane, pane, vane,... I call them the regular ones in which the **e** makes the **a** say its name. Compare **man, pan, van.**
- 4. **Silent b**: Clim**b**: Think of clam**b**er.
- Homophones: sent, s for stamp. Cent, c for coin. The two initial letters for the third one: scent (learnt by elimination).
- 6. The cattle **below** started to **bellow** when lightning struck.
- 7. Homophones: Have a break, eat your steak. A car has brakes.
- 8. -tch: Clutch, catch, Scotch, bitch, fetch.
- 9. Put a c**over over** it.
- 10.ea: Peace on earth, in heaven, at sea and on the oceans.
- 11.Fence, hence, pence, thence, whence.
- 12.Dense, sense, tense.

Suspen**d**-suspen**s**e, defen**d**-defen**s**e, densedensity, sense-sensation.

- 13.A giant ant is called a bullant.
- 14.**Silent w:** associate, wristwatch.
- 15.**ur**: The butcher ate so much **liverwurst** so his stomach nearly **burst**.
- 16.Chalk, talk, walk, stalk.
- 17.ea: Instead of buying a new bedspread for her homestead, Miss Bleach made one herself with needle and thread.

18.**Dance, lance, glance**,...(Smart words)

- 19.**ance, ant**: from French. This ending usually indicates action. The – ant form relates to the – ing one in English.
- 20.The Sheff**ie**ld Sh**ie**ld **m**atch is held on a cricket field because it will yield more runs.
- 21.lf you can't h**ea**r, you must be d**ea**f. You h**ea**rd?
- 22.John Glover loves his doves; he treats them with gloves.
- 23.Why does this **typist** not **type**? Is she a different **type** of **typist**?
- 24.The three **-ase** words: In this **case**, the Police Chief himself organised the **chase** around the R.A.A.F. **base**.

Others spell -ace: Ace, face, lace,...

25.ea: Oh dear, I can't hear. I'll have to clear my ear.

- 26.0a: The boatman boasted that he could row his boat with only one oar along the coast over the roaring and soaring waves while eating roast on toast.
- 27.Dozen: From French douze.
- 28.This **knight** only wants to **fight** when the **light** is **bright**, not at **night**.
- 29.Don't waste my toothpaste in your haste.
- 30.If you're too **hasty**, you can't **taste** this **tasty pasty**.
- 31.Homophones: Have a break to eat your steak. Great!
  - Regular -ate words: Date, fate, gate,...

Farmers often use a **grate** instead of a **gate** to stop cattle escaping.

32.**Ore, bore, core**,...

Simon **Snore** has a sports**store** with soccer balls **galore** and much **more**.

33.Ruth always tells the truth but Ruth can also be ruthless.

#### Spelling clues 11.

1.Cue, due, hue,...

- 2.Since the **prince** didn't like **quince mince**, he started to **wince**.
- 3.Homophones: you can knit a sweater even if you have nits. However, it's not easy to knit and scratch at the same time.

- 4.ea: When we reached the beach, our teacher, Mrs Preacher, gave us a peach each.
- 5.Buff, cuff, duff,...

6.Crock, frock, chock,...

- 7.Silent b: The dumb plumber hit his thumb so now it's numb. He can't climb his ladder, comb his hair, feed his lamb or repair the doorjamb.
- 8.Eat, beat, heat,...
- 9.**aw**: When I got up at **dawn**, I saw a **prawn** on the lawn under the **awning**.
- 10.1'm already ready to read.
- 11.Stiff, sniff, cliff, skiff, whiff, riff,... but: if.
- 12.Sugar: The a has to be identified. (Spanish: azucar, no problem)

Mnemonic: sugar cane.

13.Double Dutch: The **knight's tights** were **slightly** too **tight**.

14.Tried: Try, drop the y and put an i. Then: **ed** for yest**e**r**d**ay. Standard ending for Past Tense.

15.**Oval**: Compare ovary-ovarian (French oeufegg). Pick out the o a and associate: A coal black foal ate all the grass between the goal posts on the oval in Shoalhaven.

16.**le**, han**dl**e-han**dl**ing.

- 17.O'clock obviously means on (the) clock.
- 18.**on**: pers**on**-pers**on**nify.

"Her **son** is a good per**son**," said the par**son**.

19.**People: o** for in p**o**pul**ar**-p**o**pul**ar**ity.

- 20.**ur**: Associate: We'll have to **curb** (the **u** illustrates the meaning) the **disturbing** noise in **urban** and **suburban** areas.(urb=city)
- 21.**Homophones**: Although this person's son learns his **lesson** more or **less**, his attention starts to **lessen**.
- 22.ey: The monkey and the donkey went to Sydney to buy honey for their money. (they-their)
- 23."Please be pleasant to the peacock and the pheasant," said the peasant to his daughter Heather when she wanted to pull out a feather for her hat made of leather.
- 24.-**eem**: deem, seem, teem.
  - -eme: deme, theme, scheme.
    Most words have the -eam pattern: beam, team cream,...

**Cream** is an **eat word**: tea, bread, peach, pear, breakfast, cereals.(real wheat)

25.-**tch**: Dutch, clutch, crutch. Batch, catch, hatch, notch, Schotch, blotch, crotch, Itch, bitch, ditch, fetch, wretch, sketch, stretch.

26.Heal-healthy, steal-stealthy, wealwealthy. Homophones: I cut my heel. I hope it will heal quickly. Associate: h**ee**l, f**ee**t. 27.**Silent t**: Listen to the mockingbird. 28.**il:Body Language**.

pupil (eye), nostril, tonsil.

il words in context: My ex-pupil is a civil engineer with the local Council. It's a rather tranquil job. (tranquil-tranquility)He checks the pistils of the Council flowers during April showers.(Spanish a brir, French ouvrir, Italian aprire-to open). He also gets rid of unwanted fossils, sharpens pencils, makes stencils,

- administers tranquilisers when the lives of councillors are in **peril**, clips their **tonsils**,
- removes weevils from their nostrils despite the cavils of these evil devils.
- 29.She rather goes with her fat father.
- 30.C**ai**n put too much str**ai**n on his ch**ai**n ag**ai**n. Since he spr**ai**ned his ankle, he has to go by tr**ai**n.
- 31.**le**: ank**le**-ank**le**t.
- 32.Holland means hollow land.
- 33.Silent s: An island (Spanish: is land)
  - Compare: isolate, insulate (Latin: insula)
- 34.This person's son poisoned someone; now, he's in prison. He refuses to eat anything but melon, lemon, bacon on toast while sitting on a cotton cushion with crimson ribbons to nurse a sore tendon.

Since the person's son is rather docile in comparison to many others in that prison, the whole squadron of guards reckon that they should abandon him at Wimbeldon or Artarmon where perhaps he could learn to be a mason to build a masonnic hall for the next masonnic ball.

35. Spread, tread, thread,...

The bedspr**ea**d in the homest**ea**d was a thr**ea**dbare

- 36.**el**: quarr**el**-quarr**el**ling. Wordbuilding provides the clue.
- 37.eat words: You can't grow wheat without the sun's heat. If you want to eat bread, you need wheat or some other grain.
- 38.ea: Since the eagle was meagre (French: maigre-thin), it looked eagerly at the beadle's beagle.
- 39.**o**: Mnemonic: d**o**n't w**o**rry.
- 40.One I in combinations: almost, always, until, altogether, also. But: all right. (2 words)
- 41.Before he hit his forehead, he was all right.
- 42.Ranch, branch, blanch, stanch. No r:
  - Smart words, (British); Tan words, (Australian and American).

## Spelling clues 12

- 1. Mnemonic: girl friend.
- 2. **Barge, large, marge, charge**. The **e** is heard in barges, larger, largest, charger, charges.
- 3. Tem**p**ting: Remember the p; it's not always pronounced because it is rather awkward to do so.
- 4. wa: Most wards in this new hospital are towards the back of the building.
- It is very difficult to send an antelope by airmail in an envelope; it will elope, (from Dutch: lopen-walk, e=away).
- ance, ant: It takes an hour to walk the distance between here and the entrance (from French: distance; Spanish: distancia in which the a is heard.)
- 7. weal=wealth

Suddenly, Robert **Peel** could **feel** an **eel** under the **steel keel** of his boat. When he wanted to **kneel** in order to wind the **wheel** of his **reel**, his **heel** got caught in the **wheel**. Then he tripped over his **creel** and **reeled** into the moat, the silly goat.

- 8. Knock knock. **Who's** there? Dr Who. To **whom** do you want to speak? To the patient **whose** hose is leaking.
- 9. ous adjectives: serious, humorous, monotonous, hilarious, billious, obvious.

10.Homophones: You write with a pen. That's right.

- 11.One I in combinations: always, almost, also, until. All right (two words)
- 12.Hun**g**er, hun**g**ry. Lon**g**, lon**g**er, lon**g**est. Compare: sing-singing, hang-hanging (verbs).
- 13.Budge, badge, dodge, bridge, hedge.
- 14.A doctor on a motorbike.

**Ct words+ or**: Instructor, tractor, director, conductor.

15.-**ture**: Nat**ure**, fut**ure**, signat**ure**, literat**ure**, text**ure**, advent**ure**, miniat**ure**. (French)

16.He **read** the newspaper on his **threadbare bedspread** in his **homestead**.

17.The pears **appear** to be rotten. **ap** from prefix ad=towards. The **d** becomes **p** to create a better blend.

18.The plum**b**er decided to slumber a bit under a pile of lumber.

19.le: stumble-stumbling, tumble-tumbling

- 20.One **man** and one wo**man**. Two **men** and two wo**men**. (**wo**man: relate **w**h**o**mb)
- 21. Mnemonic: what's wrong?

22.I'll have to sew your button on.

23.The deac**on** who lived near the beac**on on** 

the hill loves bac**on on** toast.

24.el:travel-travelling

25.Voice: relate to vocal to identify the c.

- 26.**ou**; associate with the aid of the key word you: **you** are still **young**(Dutch: jong)
- 27.**om**: Always look for **patterns** because man is a pattern-making and consequently a pattern-using creature.

Every Spring, at the **bottom** of the **kingdom** where people express their **wisdom** in a different **idiom** from that of the **official-dom**,

- 28.**Neither** of them speak **either** English or Korean.
- 29.**Unless** you buy at "Best and **less**", you'll spend more money on such a dress.
- 30.**per**: perhaps once or twice **per** annum, the price **per** kilo is rock bottom.(annum=year)
- 31.**o**: Can someone give me some one-dollar coins please. Anyone will do.
- 32.**French connection**: trouble, double, couple, cousin.

A couple of his cousins from New South Whales are in double trouble.

## Spelling clues 13.

- 1. **al**: hospital-hospitality hospitable
- 2. Full, but in combinations only one I: useful, helpful, dreadful,...
- 3. **-ture**: future, nature.

4. Homophones: weather, whether or not, wether (old, male sheep). Whether is in the group of question words: why, when, where, etc.

"Heather, can you check whether or not the wethers are still tethered together in this horrible (French: horrible) weather?" asked her father.

**Note**: The stem of most words ending in ible is an incomplete word. **Terrible** (French: terrible). **Possible** (French: terrible). Of course there are exceptions because man himself is exceptional. Hospital-hospitable from French hôpital. (the accent replaced s)

5. Homophones: Wait till I have checked my weight (Dutch: gewicht). Eighty-eight kilo(from Dutch acht).

**Note**: Gaxton the printer (1476), spent much of his time in Holland and consequently worked with Dutch people who wrote these words with gh. By comparison, the French use gu: guide, guess, guild, guest(Norman input)

- 6. Double Dutch: The freight of eight neighing horses depends on height and weight.
- 7. **Valley** (French: vallée): There are not many donkeys in the Hawkesbury Valley.

- 8. **ou**: My **cousin** (French: cousin) works for the Prospect County Council. Although he comes from another **country**, his English is not bad. He loves reading about the Mutiny on the Bounty. The definition of **alimony**: a bounty on the mutiny.
- 9. Nothing means no thing.
- 10.**Dew, few, stew**,...

**Homophones**: threw, through.

"The mother earned a poor living by spinning, but Jack was lazy and earned nothing. At last his mother lost all patience with the boy and shouted, "I'm **through** with **you**," and **threw** him out of the house."

- 11.**Throw, grow, crow**,...
- 12.0a words with Association: The young foal of my horse has a hoarse throat so it can't swallow bran or oats.
- 13.**o** in an expression: N**o** w**o**nder he's ill; he sat all night on the windowsill till he caught a chill.
- 14.wa: wander: relate walk.
- 15. **Daisy** literally means the day's eye.
- 16.sur in French means on, over, above(Dutch: boven) Surprise(French) takes you by surprise. On Sundays, there is a surcharge (a bit more than the weekly price).
- 17.Visual spelling to identify the **u** in curtain:

think of the **u**-shaped folds. **Certain** (French without any modification except for the pronunciation).

**Association**: He's not certain whether or not he'll get his **certificate**. (certify, certification to identify the **a**)

18.ain: captain, mountain, certain, curtain, villain, Britain, chieftain.

Visualise: A **captain** from **Britain** was not **certain** whether or not he could capture the tribal **chieftain**, a real **villain**, who lived under a **curtain** between a snowy **mountain** and an icy **fountain**. (No need to memorise)

- 19.**Dutch connection**: Fight, fright, bright,... The Great Australian Bight (Dutch bocht).
- 20.**Arrive**: From Latin: ad riva-to the river. The **d** changed to **r**. (Arriver: French). Arrive-arrival, survive-survival. A indicates Action.
- 21.Part, depart, departure.
- 22.aid or ade: Learnt by Elimination. The maid was afraid that she wouldn't be paid for the carpet she laid, so she dragged it away with the aid of her braid during a W.W.II airraid.
- 23.**we** o**we** J**o**e some m**o**ney, h**o**ney, so run to the bank while it is still sunny.
- 24.Own, known, shown, blown, flown, grown,

#### thrown,...

I should have **known** that I could have **grown** these flowers on my **own**. If you had **shown** me, I wouldn't have **blown** all my money. I might as well have **thrown** it away if I hadn't **flown** to that man in Japan.

- 25.**ur**: visualise the spelling. **Curl**: The **u** has the shape of the very curl.
- 26.-ail and -ale: Two large groups.

I call-ale the "regular" pattern. The frail man failed to bail out his sailer because he had no pail. He had just come out of jail, because he had been off the rail for sending drugs by airmail. Since there was no wind and only nail-shaped hail, the sailing snail could hardly out its icy trail. The ailing sailor wailed like a quail without tail, but to no avail. Then he brailed up his sail just before the sailer with the sailor went down like a drail.

27.-**ame, -aim**: Dame, fame, game,...

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Aim, main, claim.
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- 28.aw: Law of the jungle: I saw the paw, the claw, the maw, the raw meat minced into coleslaw. The last straw. Awful!
- 29.Homophones: sow potatoes.

sew a button on.(e for needle).

30.Homophones: You can bore a hole. I looked in awe at the wild boar when it went for me with a frightning roar, I killed it with an oar.(boar: male pig)

31.**Homophones**: The **c**onvi**c**t slept in a **c**ell. The farmer in the dell wanted

to **sell** his well. Since there was no water in it because of a dry spell, it didn't sell very well.

- 32.**Homophones**: The pieman was afraid that he would **die** if they made him dye his hair.
- 33.**Homophones**: Tim eats blueberry jam to keep slim and trim. Since it was poisoned, they had to **bury** him. (**u** for **u**nderground).
- 34.This per**son**'s **son** poi**son**ed a par**son**. Now he's in pri**son** where he only gets lem**on**, mel**on** and bac**on**.
- 35.There are only donk**ey**s, not monk**ey**s, in the Hawkesbury Vall**ey**.
- 36.ear: "Already early in life, you have to learn to earn money in earnest," said the Earl as he was searching for pearls.

## Spelling clues 14.

1. **ir: firm**. The manager of this firm had his glass in a firm grip when he stood on deck of a cruise ship.

- -age French connection: village, voyage, damage (from dommage). Page managed to get the garbage to the village.
- 3. A Dutch builder bruised his finger during a trip on a cruise ship.
- 4. The cows stopped to **graze** and looked in a **daze** at the **amazing haze**.
- 5. Foul play. Fowl have wings. Gas-gastric.
- Silent I and p: alm, balm, calm, malm, palm, psalm(Dutch words), qualms.
   When a huge palm in the village church fell down during the singing of a psalm, the congregation stayed calm and made no qualms.
- 7. -**aw**: I **saw** a **raw prawn** at **dawn** on our **lawn** under the **awning**.
- 8. Act, fact, pact, tact, bract, tract.
- 9. Pati**ent** (French–patience.) **ent**, **ence** usually indicate non-action: silent, silence.
- 10.-**ow: bow, low, slow**,...
- 11.ea: That's a good idea, dear. (Dutch: idee)
- 12.Thea wanted to **leap** so she **lept.** She wanted to **sleep**, so she **slept**. She needed to **weep** so she **wept**.
- 13.ea: Before the teacher gave us a peach each, we had to leap over the heap of pears and peaches because they were so cheap.
- 14.Boss, loss, moss,...

- 15.Birds of prey don't pray and have not always grey eyes, but they do obey the law of their species. Obey: They e can be heard in obedient.
- 16.The st**ove** is usually ab**ove** (Dutch: b**ove**n) the **ove**n.
- 17.**Hale** and hearty Jonah pulled the **male whale** over the **wale** of his boat. Then he put it up for **sale** in Moss **Vale**. Whale: **h** for **h**eavy.
- 18.Bill, the silly dill, damaged his **pupil**, his **nostril** and his **tonsil** with a **pencil**.
- 19.ail, ale: Mail can go by air, rail or sail.
- 20.I heard the **roar** of the **boar** when I hit him with my **oar**.
- 21.Homophones: This or that. Iron ore.

You can row a boat with one **oar**.

- 22.ir: Can you stir porridge with a fir? No, sir.
- 23.It is a difficult **task** to **ask** a question while wearing a gas **mask**.
- 24.**er**: berm, germ, herm, term, therm, sperm. When a **German** girl caught a **germ**, she had to stay home in 3<sup>rd</sup> **term**.

(Term-terminal, terminate).

- 25.After a long **journey** (daytrip from French: jour) and reading many **journals** (literally: daily news). We finished our **tour**.
- 26.ew: The Jew just knew that if he sat on the last pew, he would have a good view so that

he could see which way the wind **blew**.

- 27.Homophones: I warn you; I'm worn out.
- 28.**Homophones:** Zorba the Greek is too **weak** to go out this **week** (seven days).
- 29.wh: He uses his whip from his hip.
- 30. If you don't see the car **ahead**, you will be **dead**. **Dreadful**.
- 31.**ai**: Since the **waiter** walked with a funny **gait**, he could never follow a line that was **straight** so instead a going to Cairns, he went to Bass **Strait** to buy **bait**.
- 32.1 will all **allow** you to row my **prow**, but not **now** because I have to milk the **cow**.
- 33.o: The **donkey** was the only different animal among the **monkeys** of the **monkey monger**.
- 34.on: Ron's wife always has her apron on, even on a pupil-free Monday. She makes melon and lemon jam for her son who is in prison because he personally poisoned a parson who himself was convicted for arson.
- 35.aw: I saw the paw, the draw of the claw, the maw, the raw meat. Awful!
- 36.ea: The beauty and the beast went East to have a feast for at least a year.
- 37.Homophones. Only girls give birth but not always on their birthday.
  In Sydney, ships berth at Darling Harbour.
  A four-berth caravan has four beds.

38.Guess, less, mess,...

- 39.**Dutch Connection**: blood (bloed), flood (vloed). There was a **flood** of **blood** on the fl**oo**r near the d**oo**r of the bedr**oo**m.
- 40.0a: Jack Boar, who can row a boat along the coast with only one oar, pays board and hoards the rest of his money in his cupboard because he often goes abroad to watch movies on Broadway.
- 41.ough: During the drought (Dutch: droogte), the bough (Dutch: boog) fell down onto the plough (Dutch: ploeg). Then, nothing was heard but the sough (Dutch: zuchten) of the wind in the willows by the windows of the widows.

## Spelling clues 15.

- 1. **ane** & **ain**:
  - Cain went off his brain when he missed the train to Spain. (Spain-Spanish).
  - Shane's plane hit the vane of a crane standing in a field with sugar cane when the moon began to **wane**. That's **insane**.
- 2. A boy in my **class** lost his **brass** bus**pass** in the long **grass** (Smart words).
- After the builder had built a double bed under his new quilt, he decided to go on a cruise. One night, as he sipped his fruitjuice

with ice, he spilt some on his s**ui**t, not once but twice. When he jumped up, he br**ui**sed his finger because he tripped over the lemon slice.

- 4. When we reached the beach, our reading teacher, Mrs preacher, let us leap over a heap of pears and peaches. Then she gave us one each because they were so cheap.
- 5. The question is whether this **cheque** will bounce or not. I had better **check**.
- 6. The m**ai**n **ai**m was to cl**ai**m that the soldier was m**ai**med.
- Scout words: ou or o double u. A loudmouth from the South is very proud when he's able to shout heavy rain out of a shroud of clouds, especially with a cheering crowd.
- 8. el: cruel-cruelty
- 9. **ur**: curve-curvature.(**visualised** spelling)
- 10.ea: after the death of his Headmaster who had run out of breath, the word spread that he was going to learn to read himself instead.
- 11.il: my ex-pupil is a civil engineer with the local Council. He's got a rather tranquil job. He checks the pistils of the Council flowers during April showers, gets rid of unwanted fossils, sharpens pencils, makes stencils, administers tranquilisers when the lives of councillors are

in **peril**, clips their **tonsils**, removes **weevils** from their **nostrils** despite the **cavils** of these **evil** d**evil**s.

- 12.**Silent b: Doubtful**. The **b** can be heard in du**b**ious. **Debt**. The **b** can be heard in de**b**it.
- 13.ain: The rain in Spain falls mainly on the plain and then down the drain again.
- 14.al: equal-equally-equality-equation.

#### 15.Quantity and quality.

- 16.Raise, braise, praise, chaise (French) Raise your hand if you want me to braise your meat. Remember to praise the Lord before you eat.
- 17.**Early** to bed and early to rise makes a man **healthy, wealthy** and wise.
- 18.ew: The Jew asked a member of the crew which way the wind blew and then jumped out before the plane was due because he didn't want to spew the new stew while they flew.
- 19.**Serve**: drop the **e** and put **ing**: serving. **Mnemonic:** self-serve (French: servir)
- 20.**Servant:** ant indicates an action. It compares with ing in English.
- 21.Ore, bore, core,...

Simon **Snore** wanted to see the **seashore** a bit **more**. When he fell, he **tore** the new suit he **wore**. His whole body was **sore**.

- 22.**ea Associations**: speak, ear, hear, read, teach, learn.
- 23.Body language: eyes, cheeks, teeth, speech, knees, heels, feet.
- 24.**eel**:
  - When Robert Peel could feel an eel under the steel keel of his boat, he quickly turned the wheel of his reel. Unfortunately, his heel got caught in his creel. Consequently, Robert Peel reeled into the moat, the silly goat.

eal: (or by elimanation)

- One day, a stealthy burglar went down the gurgler. Since his wounds needed to heal, he got on to a really good deal to obtain a healthy meal. As soon as he heard the local churchbells peal, he was filled with a holy zeal. He stole some veal and caught a seal as well as a teal although he heard the creatures squeal.
- 25. Mnesmonic: burglar alarm
- 26.ock: Mrs Peacock, dressed in one blue-and one white sock, a red frock and a green smock, got up at six o'clock to round up the stock. When she walked around Ayers Rock, she discovered a flock of mockingbirds in shock.

27.Bell, sell, dell,...

The farmer in the **dell** fell into his **well** after a very dry **spell**. Since nobody heard him **yell**, he rang a **bell** because he wanted to get out of his **cell**.

28.**Mnemonic**: cell: c for convict.

29.**al**: tot**al**-tot**al**ly. (French, Spanish: total) 30.**ail**:

The frail man failed to bail out his sailer because he had no pail. He had just come out of jail because he had been off the rail for sending drugs by airmail. Since there was no wind but only nail-shaped hail, the sailing snail could hardly cut its icy trail. The ailing sailor wailed like a quail without tail, but to no avail. Then he brailed up his sail just before the sailer with the sailor went down like a drail.

(**ale** words by elimination).

31.Trials for trail bikes.

32. Silent e: verse-verses, horse-horses.

33. These lines are too **feint**; I can hardly see them.

34.The **Saint** put in a **complaint** that his drinking water looked **quaint**. It was **tainted** and nearly made him **faint**.

35.Force: I always admire the **force** of a **horse**.

36.After the drought, the **rain** in **Spain** will

cause the grain to grow again.

- 37.The whole **group** ate **soup** because they suffered from **croup**.
- 38.**oa**: You can **soak** your **coat** and your **cloak** in an **oaken** bucket with soapy water.
- 39.gu: Although he had given his guarantee never to fall asleep on duty, a Royal guard was found guilty of falling asleep as soon as he heard the sound of a guitar played by a tourist guide from Zanzibar. One night, a guest from New Guinea under the guise of a guardian angel caught him in the act. Guess what, the guard got sacked.

## Spelling clues 16.

## 1. Homophones:

- Today I hear; yesterday, I **heard**.
- Her entrire herd died during the recent drought.

## 2. Homophones:

- I can h**ea**r my **heart** b**ea**t.
- The **hart** is the male of a deer.
- 3. **igh**: We **might light** our new candles **tonight**. All **right**?
- 4. This **villain** has a beautiful **villa** in a nearby **village**.
- 5. **age**, French connection: village, voyage, courage.

At your **age**, you should have the **courage** to take the **garbage** to the **village**. Bon **voyage**.

- 6. **ain**: This **captain** is a **villain**. He damaged the Chinese **curtain** around my **fountain**. Are you **certain**?
- 7. wh: why does he whistle on the leaf of a thistle? Because he likes whistling. Talk a bit crisper. I can't hear you when you whisper.
- 8. **Silent t**: whistle: **t** for tune.
- 9. Why has the court written a writ to William's neighbour? Because his neighbour has smitten his kitten with a mitten.
- 10.le: like table-tablet. Put the kettle on the table. Settle-settling-settler.
- 11.Did I leave my toolkit in the kitchen?
- 12. When I have been writing, it's written.
- 13.**ness**: Darkness, laziness, foolishness,...
- 14.**Mnemonic**: Put a c**over over** the clover so that nobody can disc**over** it.
- 15.1: Powerful, dreadful, hopeful, wonderful,...
- 16.1 like to have a **shower** before attending to my **flowers**.
- 17.The performance of the **princess** was a huge **success**.
- 18.**tion** (French connection): Question, nation, station,...
- 19.scissors: s for sharp, c for cut, o for the hole.

- 20.**Difficult**: (French: difficile). It's **difficult** to understand this **cult**; it's part of a totally different **culture**.
- 21.Differ-different: The e in different is silent.
- 22.**Tomorrow** you will feel the impact of your **sorrow**, not now.
- 23.**Advent**: Prefix ad-towards, venire-to come, Latin (French venir) **Adventure**.
- 24.The **beauty** (French: beauté) and the **beast** went **East** to have a **feast**.
- 25.Happy: Drop the y and put an i: happiness.
- 26.**ant, ance**: importance, important. This ending usually denotes action.
- 27.**Mnemonic**: Put the vege**table**s on the **table**. (**a** for veget**a**tion)
- 28.**Spelling in expressions**: No wonder he's not coming; he's overseas.
- 29. Acreage tells you that acre spells with re.
- 30.Spelling in expressions: we are in a square area.
- 31.Well; one I in combination: welcome (Dutch: welkom). Only some are welcome.
- 32. Regular-regularity.
- 33.Rec**ei**ve: Forget about rules.

Reception tells us that the **e** follows the **c**.

- 34.lre, dire, fire, wire, tire-tired-retire.
- 35.The clown went down town in his brown nightgown while wearing a crown.

## Spelling clues 17.

- 1. **al** may be lengthened to **ally**: usual-usually.
- Saturday is named after the planet Saturn.
   Every 2<sup>nd</sup> day has a u: Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday.
- 3. **Injure**. The **jury** had to decide whether or not the **injury** happened at work.
- 4. She's trying to **obtain** a bicycle **again** because she can't afford to go by **train**.
- 5. **Commence**: (French commencer) When will they commence repairing the **fence**?
- 6. **our**: Simon **Saviour** always picks his **favourite colour** and **flavour**, your **Honour** because he's interested in **glamour**.
- 7. City: Drop the y and put an i: cities, citizen.
- 8. **ous** for **adjectives**: famous, ridiculous, hilarious,... spacious. **Us for nouns**: circus, asparagus, annulus, omibus (bus),...
- 9. **dge**: The **sledge**hammer fell from the **ledge** into the **hedge**.
- 10.custom: (French: coutume). Tom is a good customer.
- 11.**tion**: French connection: action, fraction, multiplication,...
- 12.The **waiter** was **awaiting** orders from the customer.

- 13.The clown jumped into the river dressed in his brown nightgown. Since he couldn't swim, he drowned.
- 14.The king's pal**ace** is an **ace** pl**ace**. Not only has it furniture but also a furn**ace**.
- 15.His **fur**niture had been covered with **fur** (curly u-shape). Since it had worn off, he threw it in his furnace.
- 16.**Cotton**, (French coton): She only wears **cotton** dresses with buttons.
- 17.**ou**: (French connection): A c**ou**ple of y**ou**r c**ou**sins are in d**ou**ble tr**ou**ble.

Couple-coupler-couplet,

double-doubling, trouble-troubling.

18.Course: s for study

A source of income.

- 19.Our courtyard is next to the courthouse your Honour.
- 20.Between the golf**course** and the tennis**court** runs a water **course** from an unknown **source**.
- 21.court-courting-courtesy-courteous.
- 22.**Homophones**: Sauce is not the same as source, of course.

S**au**ce (h**a**mb**u**rger, fr**a**nkf**u**rter)

23.oa: Our horse has a hoarse throat.

24.**ant, ance**: significant, significance.

25.**Damage**, (French: dommage). It's not worth our while to **salvage** the **damaged** ship.

## 26.**Eat, beat, feat**,...

It's a treat to beat another team, much better than suffering a defeat.

27.After the **fall**, the farmer's land lay **fall**ow. Although he **hallowed** the Lord, his face looked **sallow** like **tallow** with eyes rather **shallow** because he was destined to be hanged on the **callows**.

28.**Dutch connection**: Half, calf.

Two **halves** make a whole.

Two **calves** don't make a cow.

29.crucial-crucially.

30.You have to be **hon**est with me **hon**ey.

#### 31. follow-hollow.

- 32.Although the old **fellow** is rather **mellow**, he can **bellow** so hard that his face turns **yellow**.
- 33.au: Is there a **plausible** excuse not to **applaud**? Yes, **because** the conductor wants a **pause** instead of **applause**.

34.**Silent e**: I paus**e**-he paus**e**s.

35.**Homophones**: paws(animal); pause(stop).

36.general-generally.

- 37.le: gentle-gently.
- 38.France, glance, chance, lance, prance,
  - trance, stance, ranoe.(Smart words)

## Spelling clues 18.

- 1. ant, ance: Usually denotes action.
- age: courage, manage, voyage, damage, village, message, language, bandage, average, advantage, sausage.
- 3. Love, dove, glove, shove, shovel, oven.
- 4. Master, faster, casting, lasting, fasting, vasting, blasting. (Smart words).
- 5. Ever, every, sever, several, clever, never.
- 6. Here, severe, sincere, austere, persevere, mere, atmosphere, interfere, coherent, revere (reverend), adhere, inhere.
- 7. Doubles in the **middle:** Don't **meddle** with someone else's affairs.
- 8. le: Meddle-meddling.
- 9. medal-medallion. Metal-metallic.
- 10.kettle, mettle.
- 11.singul**ar**-singul**ar**ity.
- 12.**Marry, carry**: Drop the y and put an i: **marriage, carriage**.
- 13.**Dutch connection**: bight, dight, fight, high, light, might, mighty.
- 14.A minute is a minute part of an hour.
- 15.Sec**o**nd (French second): think tw**o**.
  - Second (French seconde): think clock.

- 16.Two (Dutch twee; German zwei): Think o, zero, none, one, two to remember the o. Two relates to twice, twelve, twenty.
- 17.**Modern** (French moderne; Spanish moderno in which the r is audible).
  - A South**ern** bitt**ern** fell into the gutter of a house in the North**ern** Hemisphere (half a sphere) and then wound up in a mod**ern** cist**ern**.
- 18.Joe Blow used a bow and arrow to try and shoot a sparrow. Since he narrowly missed the sparrow, he'll try again tomorrow.

To his great **sorrow**, he hit his neighbour from whom he **borrowed** the **arrow**.

- 19.Inhabitant-habitat. Indignant-indignation. Constant-stay. extravagant-extravaganza. Consonant, sonant (Spanish sonar=to sound). Protestant-protesting. Irritant-irritate. Blatantly ignorant-ignoring.
- 20.Mat has a mature nature.
- 21.le: needle-needling.
- 22.**ice**: Some can be traced by word building: office-official-officially, novice-noviciate, notice-noticeable
  - **able after a full word:** Service-serviceable (Self Serve), justice-justify, practicepractitioner.
  - Fruitjuice with ice for Alice.

Liquor with ice gives liquorice.

You cannot join the police force if you have **lice**, no matter how **nice** you are.

- 23.These **angels** grow a whole **range** of o**ranges** on the high mountain **ranges**.
- 24.**Parcel**: Since the c sounds s, it has to be followed by e, not I.
- 25. Part-partial-partially.
- 26.ey: grey birds of prey: they obey bird laws. The e is present in obedient.
- 27.A **lase** is capable of acting as a **laser**. To laze-to be lazy. A **phrase** is a **phase** of a sentence. P**hrase**ology, p**hras**ing.
- 28.Ignite-ignition.
- 29.Raise, braise, praise:

**Raise** your hand if you want me to **braise** your meat. Be sure to **praise** the Lord before you eat.

30.To pray is to say prayers.

You **play** with other **play**ers.

## Spelling clues 19.

1. on: Is there any reason why John Cotton is again in prison this season? Yes, because he is a mentally poisoned person who never ever learns his lesson. This time, he was accused of treason. They reckon that he delivered a wagonload of weapons, pistons, common old-fashioned cushions withcrimson ribbons and stuffed with explosive buttons, lemons, melons and bacon to a squadron of terrorists. They had taken over an abandoned beacon on Deacon Hill between the Grand Canyon and Wimbledon.

When his father, a **champion surgeon** and a Free **Mason**, tried to **beckon** him not to do it, the boy drove off in a Ford **falcon** stolen from the local **parson**, because there's no **comparison** between them. John **Cotton** may be compared to an agile **gibbon**.

- 2. **ant: occupation, participation** merch**ant**, account**ant**, occup**ant**, applic**ant**, immigr**ant**, serv**ant**.
- ence: process, state or the result of action (compare-ance: action) adhere-adherence, depend-dependence.
- 4. This **train** will **mainly** drive around the **domain** but not in the **rain**.
- 5. **Move**, remove, removalist: the **o** can be heard in **mobile**.
- 6. Turn off the urn but don't burn (hurt) yourself.
- 7. Reward, war, ward, warden.
- 8. Leon**ard** Liz**ard** was a warden in a war-time hospital. He moved patients backw**ards** and forew**ards** (Dutch voorwaarts) from **ward** to

ward. Last week, he got a **reward** for being a wiz**ard** at playing billi**ards** during a blizz**ard**.

- Abbot Rabbit lived next to the exit of an 9. ancient abbey on the summit of a mountain the height of which seemed to have no limit and therefore close to the Holy Spirit. Only the monks and the nuns could live there. The few people who would pay them a visit were usually so scared that they would almost vomit. Abbot Rabbit was in the habit of going down to the bank to make regular deposits to increase his credit so his bank balance never showed a debit. Nobody knew how he made his profit. Even the editor who edited the local newspaper never provided any details, probably because he was bound by adhering to a predetermined ambit.
- 10.One b: habit-habitual. One r: spirit-spiritual.
- 11.**Prophet**-French prophète in which the e is audible.

The prophet was one of the triplet of a midget born in a closet. When he started to fidget, he accidentally pushed the button of a rocket which then left its socket. Although he didn't have a ticket, he landed in front of the wicket during a game of cricket. Since he had no helmet, the ball hit his velvet bonnet.

Fortunately, it only felt like the sting of a **privet**.

He then hid the ball in a **pocket** under his **singlet**, between his **wallet** and a **docket** with the price of some **fillet**.

12.eal: A seal swims in the sea. I deal-I dealt, heal-healthy, meal (eat word), peal-appeal, veal(eatword), zeal-zealous, steal-stealthy, squeal.

# Associate: a great deal. To seal a deal that will appeal.

13.**One d**: shadow, relate shade.

- 14.Don't stand in the cold **breeze**. You'll **freeze** and you'll start to sneeze so that you'll have to **squeeze** your nostrils with **tweezers**.
- 15.**ous** for **adjectives**: suspicious,famous, hilarious, ridiculous, ominous.
- 16.**Suspicion**: the **c** as in suspe**c**t.
- 17.wag**on** (French wagon, Dutch wagen).
- 18.If you use an **ad** to sell your **dress**, you have to mention your **address**.
- 19. Are you **ready** to **read**?

All, all right. **But**: almost, also, always, already. 20.Range-arrange, point-appoint, peal-

appeal,...

21.Every greengrocer ar**ranges** his

oranges so that people will buy them.

22.Beneath heaven is earth. Beneath heaven is the sea (ocean).

- 23.**butcher**. The baker sells bread, but the butcher sells meat. (French boucher)
- 24.**Ron** is always in **control** when he's on **patrol**. (Petr**ol**-petr**ol**eum).
- 25.Cour**age** cour**age**ous (French courage) Man**age**, vill**age**, dam**age**, garb**age**,...
- 26.Don't **push** the **cushion** off my seat.
- 27.dia (across): diagonal (from one angle to another), diameter (a line across the centre of a circle), diamond.
- 28.ant, ance: distance(French distance).
  It's a fair distance to the entrance.
  It's difficult to notice a distant ant.
- 29.Factory, factorise, factor from Latin to make or to produce (wordbuilding: factorial). All these **ct** words are followed by an **o**: doctor, tractor, conductor,...
- 30.Feather, heather on the heath, leather, weather. (Dutch: veer, hei, leer, weer). During fine weather, Heather likes to roam on the heath beneath the blue sky. Although she's as tough as leather, she's as light as a feather so she can almost fly, even during bad weather.
- 31.It's a **pleasure** to **measure** the **treasure**. Be **sure** to measure the treasure.
- 32. **Message** (French message).
- 33. Messenger: visual spelling. Look at the

symmetry of the letters.

The Passenger was also a messenger.

- 34.**Massage**. Because of his age, the old sage was due for his **massage**.
- 35.**per**: **Per**cy is a **per**fect **per**son. He only charges \$1 **per** bottle of **per**fume.
- 36.**ise**: In order to stop people **criticise** (from critic, critical), it would be wise to **practise** not to **promise** them a block of land in **Paradise**.

#### Spelling clues 20.

- 1. Several-severally, individual-individually.
- 2. Some older **soldiers** sold solder to other soldiers (the i=y; is audible).
- 3. **French connection**: Station, nation, ration, attention,...
- 4. Clutch, match, blotch, itch, stretch,...
- 5. Pose (to put)-suppose=sur+pose; the b changes to p to blend.
- 6. If you want to pour the **rain**water into this **container**, you had better use a **strainer**.
- 7. Motel, hotel, hostel.
- 8. Hum**an**-hum**an**ity.
- 9. **us for Latin derived nouns**: Circus, humus, annulus,...

10.Hum**id**, tim**id**, viv**id**.

- 11.This Jew is a jew**el**ler; he sells jew**el**lery
- 12. The beauty and the beast will stay in East

Germ**any** for at **lea**st one y**ea**r.

(Germ**an**y-Germ**an**ic).

- 13.Lev**el**-lev**el**ling, tunn**el**-tunn**el**ling, chann**e**lchann**e**lling,...
- 14.Linen: Most people line their beds with linen.
- 15.If you want to catch a **goose**, you'll need a **noose** that's not too **loose**.
- 16.Do geese like cheese?
- 17.**Madam** (French madame) "Good morning ma**d**am," said A**d**am.
- 18.Jean really meant it when she said, "I mean it."
- 19."**Merry** Christmas; The more the **merrier**," said **Jerry**.
- 20.The **a** in extra can be heard in extrav**a**g**an**t (**an** as in extravag**an**za).
- 21.**Au**gust-named after Emperor Augustus in which the u is heard. Us ending for Latin nouns. **Au**tum**n**-autum**n**al.
- 22.**Come** in to get your **income**.
- 23.om: It is a well-known **axiom** that the officialdom of a kingdom uses a **custom**ary phantom idiom seldom used by the people at the bottom of the kingdom. The choice of words is certainly not random, but it is devoid of fathomless wisdom especially when it is used to give the definition of ransom or to describe atoms of a plant in blossom.

- 24.**ai: mail** can go by **air**, **rail** or **sail**, but not along the **trail** of a **snail**.
- 25.oa: a load of toads jumped from the truck onto the road. Oa as in tadpole (back to front)
- 26.**able**: The **constable** was **unable** to jump from the **gable** onto the **table** in the **stable**.
- 27.**Count-account**=prefix ad+count; d becomes c.
- 28.**ant**: <u>Occupation</u>, participation.
  - account-accountant, occupy-occupant, apply-applicant, immigrate-immigrant, serveservant.
  - Cause and effect:
  - accelerate-accelerant, cool-coolant, lubricatelubricant, pollute-pollutant.
  - Foreign input:
  - triumph-triumphant, instant, militant, elegant.
- 29.0a: The coal-black foal called Raven ate all the grass between the goalposts on the oval at Shoalhaven.
- 30.Put a c**over over** it.
- 31.Capture, nature, rapture,...
- 32.Homophones: We don't need to learn timestables by **rote** any longer thanks to the Bark patterns discovered in 1980. The Education Department **wrote** that they were not in accordance with the syllabus.
- 33.Silent d: Wednesday(Woden's day) named

after the Nor**d**ic god Wo**d**en.

34.**Cain** put too much **strain** on his bike **chain again** so now he has to go by **train**.

## Spelling clues 21.

- Homophones: egg yolk(silent I for yellow). Coke, joke, poke, yoke,...
- 2. Folklore.
- 3. It's an offence to offend people too often.
- 4. **el**: canc**el**-canc**el**ling and therefore canc**el**led.
- 5. I don't like this rude intruder.
- 6. In order to **prove** it, you need **proof** before it is **proven**.

**VB** relation: Move-mobile, prove-probation.

- 7. Dollar from Dutch daalder, German thaler).
- 8. **au**: Why is there such a long **pause** before the **applause**? **Because**.
- 9. Pi**an**o-pi**an**ist.
- 10.**Homophones**: Lunch on the **plane** consisted of **plain** pancakes.
- 11.le: bottle-bottling, rattle-rattling, battlebattling,...
- 12.I can't afford to buy a new Ford.
- 13.**ai**: The **maid** was **afraid** that she wouldn't be **paid** for the carpet she **laid**, so she dragged it away with the **aid** of her **braid**.

- 14.**al**: anim**a**l. The **a** can be found through word building: anim**a**tion.
- 15.Answer: The w can be heard in Dutch antwoord and German antwort. The word relates to swear in which the w is
  - audible. I swear that if is the right answer.
- 16.A **p** and a **pear** turns into **appear**.
- 17.**Silent n**: solem**n**-solem**n**ity, hym**n**-hym**n**al, autum**n**-autum**n**al, colum**n**-colum**n**al.
- 18.el: rebel-rebellion-rebellious.
- 19.**Arrive**: Literally ad+riva-to the river (Latin). The d changes to r.
- 20.Attack (French attaquer)
- 21.**Attend** from ad+tend. The fact that we have to do with a prefix may be seen by changing it: intend, pretend,...
- 22.le: battle-battling-battler.
- 23.Some become interested in comets, others in comics.
- 24.Camera, literally meaning room(Latin).
- 25.Circle-circling. A circus is circular.
- 26.ee ending: Would you like some toffee with your coffee while you sit in the shade of the mallee? Yes, provided there's no chimpanzee to disturb me.

It's silly to write a letter to an **addressee** when that person is an **absentee**. I **agree**.

27.A collar fits around your neck.

28.**Silent w**: Learn by association. wrist watch. Wrist relates to wrestle-wrestling.

## Spelling clues 22.

- 1. Jew, stew, new, view,...
- 2. per: person, perform, per kilo, per annum.
- 3. Performance relates to performing.
- 4. **ar**: nect**ar**, nect**ar**ine, sug**ar**, doll**ar**.
- 5. This popular beggar looks a bit like a caterpillar (literally: hairy cat). In summer, he would sleep under his favourite poplar, bur in winter, he usually resides in an underground cellar. Most people thought it rather peculiar (peculiarity) that he spent every dollar he got on cheddar.
- 6. **Vase**: Dutch vaas.
- 7. le: angle-angling.
- 8. el: angel-angelic.
- 10.Annoy: Double n to conform with others like appear, affect, effect,...
- 11.We were all enthralled.
- 12.0a: A Gold Coast boatman boasted that he could row his boat with one oar over the roaring and soaring waves while eating roast on toast.
- 13.Ever since our new **rooster** runs our **roost**, there is a **boost** in egg laying.

- 14.ward: Some forewards run backwards and forwards without scoring goals. Consequently, these forwards won't get any reward.
- 15.Since the thief took off with the chief's briefcase, the chief had to chase the thief around the R.A.A.F. base.
- 16.er association: A clerk does clerical work (relates to clergy because hundreds of years ago, the monks did a lot of writing by hand).
  17.Pavilion: onion, union,...
- 18.**our**: **Our** local C**our**t house is next to **our** tennis c**our**t.
- 19.**Day**: Drop the y and put an i: **daily**. **Daisy** means the day's eye.
- 20.A f**ai**r h**ai**red f**ai**ry lived on a d**ai**ry farm. When she broke her arm, she wrote about it in her **diary** in January.
- 21.1 can **sense** (senses) a magic **incense** in the **dense** forest. However, its **density** opresses me.
- 22.Joe Blow was **incensed** when I used his common **scent incense** worth no more than five **cents**. It almost **sent** him around the bend.
- 23.**ible** after an incomplete word: invinc**ible**. The **prince** was **convinced** that he was **invincible** because the **princess** gave him **quince mince** for lunch.

- 24.Error: The o can be found through word building: erroneous. Or often relates to eur in French: liquor-liqueur, horror-horreur, terrorterreur, indicator-indicateur, author-auteur, vendor-vendeur,...
  - The ex-conqueror was now a retired warrior who lived in sqoualor in a rather narrow corridor. He sold sly liquor which he kept in an old incubator instead of in a refrigerator. An indicator would monitor whether a visitor was genuine or something like a solicitor. In that case, the self-made vendor would turn up his transistor in order to listen to the stories of a famous navigator.
  - One day, he looked in **terror** and **horror** when an earth **tremor** destroyed his whole **sector**. Since he thought that in was the work of an **impostor**, he yelled "See you later **allegator**," and hopped on his **tractor** to find another **sponsor**.
- 25.**ible**: After an incomplete word; **edible**. 26.I have no **faith** in this **wraith**.
- 27.**al**: fatal-fatally-fatality, final-finally, locallocally.
- 28.You can buy a bag of sug**ar** anywhere **for for**ty-four doll**ar**s.
- 29.gu: Guard, guide, guess, guest,...
- 30.dge: Judge, badge, dodge, bridge,hedge,...

31.**ui**: Fr**ui**tj**ui**ce with ice? S**ui**ts me, especially during a cr**ui**se.

The builder bruised his finger during a cruise. 32.el: model-modelling.

33.Liquor and ice make liquorice.

34.She doesn't have the n**er**ve to go to a s**e**lfs**er**ve petrol station. She's too n**er**vous. Petr**ol**-petr**ol**eum

# Spelling clues 23.

- 1. le: noble-nobly-noblesse.
- 2. **al**: roy**al**-roy**al**ly, annu**al**-annu**al**ly.
- 3. **ad**: sal**ad** (French salade). Nom**ad** (French nomade).

The fact that this **nomad** likes to sing a **ballad** while eating **salad** doesn't mean that this no**mad** is **mad**.

- 4. Homophones: sauce; think hamburger or frankfurter. Source (same in French): our friend wanted to find the source of the water course(c s).
- 5. **el**: tow**el**-tow**el**ling.
- 6. ear: can't bear it any longer. He's wearing me out; I'm weary.
- 7. I found a greyhound with a rope wound around its neck. It was badly wounded.
- 8. Silent w: wring a wet towel.

9. **ur**:

# <u>Absurd</u>

Last Thursday, the son of a surgeon, a surly but sturdy, turnip coloured curly burglar with a Turkish surname, was lurking on his surfboard on the turf around a church in the suburb of Burwood.

When he stumbled over a **hurdle**, his blood started to **curdle** because he had **disturbed** the watchdog of next door's **turtle nursery**. Although the **scurvy cur** could only see with a **blur** and bark with a **slur**-it could only **gurgle**- it knew that someone was out there to **burgle**.

Not **perturbed** by its physical **burden**, it decided not to bark any **further** and embark on its first act of **murder**.

With eyes **burning** like a **furnace**, it jumped over some **furniture** with the **surplus** of its **natural** energy and **urgently turned** to the **burglar** with its intended **purpose**.

The whole **neighbourhood** could hear him **curse** while he **spurted** to his father's **surgery** with the help of a **nurse**. Instead of attacking the man's bodily **curve**, the **cur** had only bitten into his **purse**.

10.id: Stupid-stupidity.

11.ary: tributary-tributarily.

- 12.ear: You have to **learn** to **earn** a living in all **earnesty** already **early**.
- 13.Double g in the middle: When a young braggart stabbed a ragged and haggard looking beggar with a dagger, his maggot infested sguaggy cur grabbed the braggart by his baggy pants. When the youth started to stagger, he fell onto his own dagger which taught him not to walk with an exaggerated swagger.
- 14.**ence**: conseq**en**ce-consequ**en**tialconsequ**en**tially,sequ**en**ce-sequ**en**tial.
- 15.**ai**: **Cain** didn't sell any cars, so they stopped his **retainer again**.
- 16.Why are there only a **mere** handfull of pacels **here**?
- 17.Double c: ac-cept from prefix ad+cept. The d changes to c to blend with cept. Change the prefix and discover why it is so: concept, intercept, reception,...
- 18.**ant**: redundant (from Latin redund**a**re in which the **a** is audible; it means to run back, so **ant** relates to **ing** which indicates **action**.)
- 19.on: If bisons like lemons and melons (o-shape), they will probably like lemonade as well.
  20.Intense-intensive.
- 21.Mand**ar**ins: Ten for a doll**ar**
- 22.au:When Paul and Saul carried a maul from

Australia to **Gaul**, they were exh**au**sted after the long h**au**.

- 23.ate: intimate-intimater-intimation.
- 24.u: illustrate means to add lustre to a magazine. (lustre=shine) An illustrious person is literally someone who shines.
- 25.**on**: envir**on**ment from French environenvironnement.

**Ron** has created a natural envi**ron**ment around his house.

26.Double c: access.

- 27.Homophones: You peel a potato. A churchbell peals. To appeal means therefore to attract attention by pealing. Double p follows the pattern found in ad+verb. (from French appeler-to call).
- 28.or: author-authority.
- 29.ie: A well-known thief took off with the briefcase of the chief of Police. I believe that his niece retrieved the briefcase on the local cricket field while she was on her way to her friend the local priest to deliver a piece of pie. The chief was relieved of course.
- 30.ea: You don't have to take a deep breath before you eat.
- 31.Since Jean was deaf, she couldn't hear herself breathe. Her death was caused by a lack of breath.

32.age: When a truckdriver tried to avoid hitting a dog that looked rather **savage**, he accidentally ran into a **cottage** in the small **village**, so the rescue squad had to pull him out of the **wreckage**. Since the truck was a write-off because of the **damage**, it was worth less then **garbage**.

33.Brooch: It has two diamonds in it.

34.The **c** in **c**on**c**rete reminds you that **c**ement also starts with a **c**.

#### 35.ete: Concreting

Although you don't have to **compete** with a professional, you still have to **complete** the job within a certain time, otherwise you will **delete** the function of the **concrete** by making it **obsolete** no matter how much sweat you **secrete**. It will only **deplete** your zest for work. 36.**abstract**: The prefix ab means from, so the word abstract means to take from.

#### Spelling clues 24.

- 1. **re**: centre-central, metre-metric.
- 2. Eat word: cereals are made with real wheat.
- 3. You have to accept the **voice** you have; you haven't got a **choice**.
- 4. **us** for Latin derived nouns. A **circus** is circular and so is a **discus**.

- Gus lives on an isthmus. He grows asparagus, citrus and a rare type of narcissus.
- A syllabus tells you when you have to study the properties of a **rhombus** and the details of an **octopus** as well as those of a **platypus**.
- A Pharaoh had trouble with his oesophagus so he lost all his impetus. Now he's a mummy in a sarcophagus.
- Automobile: Literally self-mover because, until the arrival of this wonder, people had only been used to seeing horses pulling carts. Is your auto automatic or manual? (manually from French main=hand)
- 6. Homophones: Y; butterfly or free style? In order to enter a swimming pool, you have to go through a turnstile.
- 7. Have you seen that beautiful **scenery**? Scene from Latin scena (stage)
- 8. Decide-decision, deride-derision, collidecollision,...
- 9. Silent g: sign-design. Relate signal, signature.
- 10.ai: Gail never fails to study dog tails in every detail because she works in retail.

At night she reads fairy**tales**.

- 11.Every lawyer has sets of drawers.
- 12.ea: Jean wanted to dream so she dreamt.

She wanted to **leap** so she **leapt**. **ee**: She wanted to **sleep** so she **slept**. She wanted to **weep** so she **wept**.

13.Palace-palatial. A palace is an ace place.

- 14.ate: A palate is not very elaborate, which means not very intricate to the naked eye. Yet, you have to be considerate and only eat a moderate simple diet without any sharp objects. Every child, man and woman has a hard and a soft palate whether they are literate or illiterate. If a palate is not adequate, you have to go to your doctor to get a signed certificate in duplicate or triplicate because it has to be legitimate.
- 15.Easy: Drop the y and put an i: easily.
- 16.Double f: effort, effective.
- 17.eigh: My neighbour has eight neighing reindeer. The freight to send them to Santa depends on their height and weight. (Dutch: acht, vracht, hoogte, gewicht).

18.**ence**: existence (French existence).

- 19.**er**: I admire h**er** en**er**gy; she's very en**er**getic. (Latin:energia)
- 20.ex: prefix meaning out of, outside. **Exceed**. The **c** can be **seen** and **heard** by changing the prefix: **pro**ceed, **pre**ceed,...

21.**eed**: The only three that virtually mean the same: to go on, to go beyond.

**Succeed, proceed, exceed**. They relate to success, process, excess.

- 22.Ex**cept**: By changing the prefix, the c can be heard. Con**cept**, inter**cept**, in**cept**.
- 23.er: Bert is a pert expert. He's very wise, hence his expertise.
- 24.When **Pat** is on **pat**rol, he uses a lot of petrol (petroleum).
- 25.1 fear that the weather won't change during the rest of the year; it will stay clear, so we are in for a drought(Dutch: droogte).
- 26.ure: By just looking at his picture, his posture, his miniature signature and various other features, I figure that he is quite a caricature and someone who would like lectures on a mixture of literature, scripture, agriculture and anything that would capture the ingredients of adventure.
- 27.**o**: mem**o**ry-mem**o**ri**a**I (the **a** is in commemor**a**te).
- 28.ald: Herald (French heraut; the u relates to I: Dutch: zout, oud, koud, goud.
  English: salt, old, cold, gold.
  Trace the a by word building: herald-heraldic.
  I saw an advertisement in the Sydney Morning Herald: emeralds for sale.

29.el: kennel-kennels-kennelled-kennelling.

30. One I: Did you ever see a lilac lily?

- 31.**per**: She had to pay \$30 for her **permit**. "It's usually \$20 **per per**mit,"said the **her**mit in perfect English.
- 32.per: The jury voted unanimously that the hermit-an impertinent person-should permanently (think a sound in remain) stay in prison for persistent perjury.
- 33.od: method-methodical-methodically.
- 34. French connection: station-nation-nationalnationally.
- 35.Phew! I nearly lost my nephew.

## Spelling clues 25.

- ea: I nearly lost my ear. I should really be less fearful. (real-really)
- 2. **on**: There's no **reason** why my **son** should be accused of **treason** this **season**. I **reckon** that they mix him up with another **person**.
- 3. I'll **repair** this **pair** of **chairs** myself, "said the **fair** haired **fairy**.
- 4. Guess what. My s**on** bit his **tongue**; he can no longer talk.
- 5. A native tongue means a native language.
- 6. el: tunnel-tunnelling, channel-channelling.
- 7. warm, water, swamp, swan, swap,...

- 8. ea: After a repeated defeat, it's better to retreat.
- 9. Repeat-repetition, reflect-reflection.
- 10.**Single p**: A pro**p**rietor owns pro**p**erty.
- 11.**or**: Propriet**or**, visit**or**, corrid**or**, ten**or**, El Salvad**or**,...
- 12.ei: receive-reception, perceive-perception.
- 13.ei: When they received their supposedly antique heirloom, they discovered that it was counterfeit(from French faire-to make).
- 14.ea: heal-healthy, weal-wealthy, steal-stealthy.
- 15.**on**: The surge**on** aband**on**ed his s**on** because, more often than not, the boy was in pris**on**.
- 16.ence, ent: non action.

Absence, absent.

Although the landlord had sent the gent a letter to say when he would collect the rent, the gent was absent because he went out and spent the rent money on a new tent with a vent.

17.ary: When Mary joined the military between January and February (8 letters!), the recruiting officer, Ary Dromedary, discovered that her lack of vocabulary was not only hereditary, but also due to the fact that she had no dictionary. In order to get himself out of this quandary, Ary Dromedary referred her to an imaginary missionary or their subsidiary to assist the ladies auxili**ary** on a volunt**ary** basis because M**ary** appeared to have a good lapid**ary** and planet**ary** knowledge despite the fact that she hadn't done any prelimin**ary** studies.

18.**Silent g**: beni**g**n-beni**g**nant, meli**g**n-meli**g**nant.

19.ie: I believe that the chief of police can achieve better results by retrieving run-away thieves with the help of either a snifferdog or a golden retriever.

20.Ous for adjectives:

To catch voracious, vicious or malicious omnivorous, herbivorous, carnivorous and granivorous animals, you'll need a vigorous, indigenous, audacious, religiously serious, continuously meticulous, non-superstitious amphibious person.

21.Approve.

22.le: article (French article).

23.ic: The ground of this picnic area is toxic. The substance is rather erratic, inorganic, nonbotanic, metallic and very dynamic. It might even be volcanic, so don't be pedantic, dogmatic, fanatic, dramatic or fantastically romantic because you might turn into a rheumatic.

24. This is **reminiscent** of a century-old situation.

- 25. A **ball**oon is a big **ball**.
- 26.**Busy**: Drop the y and put an i: busier, busiest, business.
- 27.**age**: You can throw this old band**age** in the garb**age**.
- 28.**ance**: Balance, for instance.
- 29.**Mary** is in pri**mary**. It is custo**mary** for her teacher to give **Mary** a sum**mary** of all the arithmetic.

30.Custom. Tom is a customary customer.

# Spelling clues 26.

- 1. al: capital relates to Latin caput-head.
- 2. al: central-centrally, principal-principality.
- 3. **le**: principle follows the standard format if no other clue is available.
- 4. el: channel-channelling.
- 5. Science-conscience from Latin scientia, hence the sc initials.
- 6.**o**: hist**o**ry-hist**o**rical-hist**o**rically.
- Geography: Greek geo=earth, graph=write; the map of the earth=atlas named after Atlas who was thought to carry the Earth.
- 8. **able** after a full word: comfort-comfort**able**. Comfort, literally with+strength. Compare: forte, fortress, force.
- 9. Conc**ern**: To whom it may concern.
- 10. Concert(French concert): I certainly liked the

concert. A concerted effort.

- Homophones: current-currency. Relate courier (messenger, runner).
   Ants like currants.
- 11. Examin**e** examin**e**r, examination
- 12. **Example**, French exemple, hence English exem**pl**ify, to give an exam**pl**e.
- 13. **ai**: It's hard to expl**ai**n why C**ai**n always puts too much str**ai**n on his ch**ai**n.
- 14. I like old-fashi**on**ed cushi**on**s.
- 15. **Fortune**: Think of the Roman goddess Fortuna.
- 16. ate: The fisherman was fortunate enough to catch an adequate amount of tuna, so he was moderately happy.
- 17. ar: grammar-grammarian.
- 18. ur: "My father was furious when Mr Furlong tried to furnish furniture covered with fur (the u has the curly shape) rather than with leather, so we don't need him any further," said Heather who is as light as a feather.
- 19. **Far**, farther, farthest for distance. Any **fur**ther questions?
- 20. **Homophones**: My **father** can jump **farther** than my mother and my brother because they are rather heavy.

- 21. **ate**: priv**ate**. Kate always ate deliber**ate**ly in priv**ate** because she only chose food that was suitable for her pal**ate**. Although she passed her School Certific**ate** and thus adequ**ate**ly liter**ate**, she was moder**ate**ly modest and honest.
- 22. **our**: **our** arb**our** and the one of **our** neighb**our** are on a wharf near the Harb**our** Bridge. One wharf-two wharves (Dutch werf). One dwarftwo dwarves (dwarfs).
- 23. **or**: arb**or**=tree(Latin) Arb**or** day. The lab**or** party doesn't celebrate Arb**or** Day. Not every lab**our**er votes Lab**or**.
- 24. Her hus**band** (housebound?) plays in a rock **band**.
- 25. ea: Although the jealous and zealous zealot was wealthy, he was not healthy. Zeal-zealous, weal-wealth, heal-health.
- 26. eo: Leopard from leopardus (Latin). It was thought that the leopard was a cross between a leo(lion) and a pard (Dutch paard=horse). Leonardo Da Vinci was good at drawing leopards.
- 27. If you don't im**prove**, you'll have to **move** (relate mobile, hence the o).

28. **em**: probl**em** (French problème). System (French système).

The probl**em** is that we can't find a suitable syst**em** to produce embl**em**s.

- 29. One b: Liberty from French liberté in which the stress is on the last syllable while the i in the first one is long, hence the single b. The liberal rebel sold his abattoir in Malabar because he didn't want to exhibit how much he was in debit. Then he got into the habit of turning log cabins into habitats for bureaucrats.
- 30. **ary**: Libr**ary**; drop the y and put an i to make libr**ar**ian which shows the **a**.
- 31. an: In a great many words denoting people Italian, Mexican, German (Germanic) Aquarian, barbarian, vegetarian, Sagittarian, Christian (Christianity), American, Belgian, Austrian. An Egyptian man and an Arabian woman,...
- 32. ice: Alice was born without any previous notice between a summer solstice and a winter solstice. She always wears a liquorice coloured bodice when she works as a novice in an office.
- 33. Support from sub+port, hence the double p. (port=carry)
- 34. Scourge: relate scour.

- 35. **oa**: Our soccer **coach** Mr Cock**roach** likes to catch **loach** and to **poach** eggs while **broach**ing his cask of wine and telling us how to score **goals**.
- 38. **Approach** from French proche=close, Latin prope-near. PP to conform with words like attend (Ad+tend).

## Spelling clues 27

- 1. **Scrape**-scraped. **Scrap**-scrapped; double P to keep the short sound.
- 2. Shine, dine: Drop the **e** and put ing. Shining, dining.
- 3. **al**: special-especially, accidentalaccidentally, usual-usually.
- 4. eeze: Don't stand in the breeze, you'll freeze, sneeze and wheeze.
- ent: The student wanted to become a dentist.
- 6. One d: Study from French étudier with the stress on the last syllable, hence one d. After an intensive study, we considered that it was a credit to the idiot who ate non-edible items without harming his body because they were endorsed (backed by; compare dorsal fin) by the Shadow Minister for medical medicine.

- ie: These thieves find relief in grieving the local priest and the chief of police. It's their belief.
- 8. **ey**: The Hawkesbury Vall**ey** isn't far from Sydn**ey**. It is far when you need a replacement kidn**ey**, especially when you only have a donk**ey** and no mon**ey**.
- 9. **o**: Victory-victoria-victorious.
- 10.**ent**, **ence**: viol**ent**, viol**ence** (from French without change): a state, not an action.
- 11.**or for foreign words**: visit**or**, doct**or**, conduct**or**, tract**or**,...
- 12.One whole gives two **halves**, a cow can produce two **calves**. Calf, half(I pronounced in Dutch).
- 13.One wife used a sharp knife (compare Dutch knippen-to cut). All the other wives used blunt knives.
- 14.le: wriggle, giggle, tremble, assemble: wriggling, giggling, trembling, assembling, assemble-assembly.
- 15.ent: The student who wanted to become a dentist had an accidental accident.
- 16.**add**: **add**ition; 1**d**+1**d**=2**d**.
- 17.Apply: same format as attend (Ad+tend)

18.Begin-begi**nn**ing, chop-cho**pp**ing.

Two consonants to keep the short sound. 19.Cloth, cloth**e**, clothing.

- 20.He wanted to comm**ence**, h**ence** he comm**ence**d.
- 21.ary: Although she was still in secondary (French secondaire, hence the A), Mary started to work as a temporary (French temporaire, hence the A) secretary (French secretaire, hence the A) in the dispensary of a legendary veterinary surgeon who had his practice along the boundary of the estuary in Port Macquarie. She was sorry that it was only necessary to do that during January and February (8 letters). Secretary-secretarial.
- 22.ete: Pete wanted to compete. Since the form he had to fill in was obsolete, he had to delete more than he had to complete. Compete-competition, completecompletion.
- 23.**One d**: consi**d**er from French consi**d**érer with the stress on the last syllable; the i is long, not short as in consider.

## Spelling clues 28.

- 1. **oa**: The card-b**oa**rd is in the cupb**oa**rd next to the blackb**oa**rd.
- 2. You don't have to wear a uniform in university.
- 3. Dec**or**-dec**or**ate (French décor).
- 4. Scribe-describe-description.

- 5. Divide-division (s sounds z).
- 6. **ous for adjectives**: Norm is enorm**ous**. Glory-glori**ous**, previ**ous**-previ**ous**ly.
- 7. Don't elope (Dutch weglopen) with my envelope.
- 8. Let's do the n**ex**t **ex**ercise.
- 9. Funny-funnier-funniest.
- 10.Goodb**ye**, r**ye** bread, e**ye** lid.
- 11.Full, but grateful, thankful,...in combinations.
- 12.Know, unknown, known, knew.
- 13.Ignore, ignoring, ignorant, ignorance.
- 14.al: I had lunch during interval at the festival.
- 15.**Irr**igate: same format as **irr**esistible in which the prefix **in** becomes **ir**.
- 16.**el**: lab**el**-vab**ell**ing.
- 17.**Silent t**: I like to listen (Dutch luisteren) to this tune.
- 18.**ine**: According to this magaz**ine**, you can grease a mach**ine** with gelat**ine**.
- 19.**ine**: I can imag**ine** that one needs a certain discipl**ine** to exam**ine** an eng**ine**. Disc**i**ple-disc**i**pline.
- 20.**al**: materi**al**-materi**al**ly.
- 21.Most doct**o**rs are also mot**o**rists. (French docteur, moteur)
- 22.Ob**e**y-obedi**e**nt-obedi**e**nce. (state, not an action).
- 23.Not all birds of pr**ey** have gr**ey ey**es.

- 24.**le**: gen**tl**e-gen**tl**y. Obstac**le** (French obstacle, hence le)
- 25.**Offend** from **ob** (against)+**fendere**. The B turns into an F.

When I pushed him **off** the fence, he was **off**ended.

- 26.**Ordinary**: The **a** is not pronounced but can be heard in ordin**a**rily. **Ex**tra: **prefix** meaning beyond. **Extr**a**ordin**ary.
- 27.dge: porridge, bridge, badge, hedge,...

28.**Pos**ition: Relate de**pos**it to hear the **o**.

29. Prison from French prison.

His son is in prison; he's a prisoner (prisonnier). 30.A girl between fourteen and nineteen was keen to be seen on a T.V. screen, that's why she preened herself with Mr Sheen in the canteen.

#### **Spelling clues 29**

- 1. Progress ---, progress ---, progressing.
- 2. **al**: punctu**al**-punctu**al**ly (punct=point=dot; on the dot). Person**al**-person**al**ly.
- 3. **a**: relative=relation.
- 4. Double Dutch: shoulder (schouder), boulder (bolder), smoulder (smeulen).
  If he could lift this boulder, he would.

However, he hurt his sh**oul**der, so he had no choice but to let the fire sm**oul**der.

- 5. The old man gets bolder and bolder the older he gets.
- 6. **tion**: direction, infection, subtraction,...
- 7. **pp**: skip-skipping. Slip-slippery to maintain the short sound, so it is a question of wanting to listen.
- 8. ea: When we reached the beach, our teacher Mr Preacher gave us a peach each before teaching us to read. We really liked to learn this way.
- 9. His parents had to restr**ain** C**ain** from putting too much str**ain** on his ch**ain**.
- 10.ea: "Please be pleasant to the peacock and the pheasant," said the peasant to his daughter Heather who was as strong as leather but as light as a feather.
- 11.**ure**: "It's my pleas**ure** to be s**ure**," replied Heather.
- 12.Person**al**-person**al**ity. This person has a pleasant personality.
- 13.**o**: people; think popular-popularity.
- 14.**ant**: vac**a**nt; think vac**a**te, vac**a**tion,vac**a**ncy.
- 15.Port=carry. Import=to carry in, action. Hence: import**ant**, import**ance**.
- 16.Emper**or**, visit**or**, navigat**or**, warri**or**,

refrigerator, transistor, solicitor, doctor, motor.

17.Convict or convict

18.**One d**: product; think produce, producer.

19.1 can listen to a **solo** when I turn on my **radio**.

It doesn't matter whether it's on **mono** or **stereo**. I can even change the **tempo** with my **biro**. Is that **so**?

20.**o**: temp**o**rary; think temp**o**.

21.Publish: (French publier).

## 22.Estate.

- 23.Prim**ary**; think prim**a**rily. M**ary** is still in Prim**ary**; she is there prim**a**rily to learn something.
- 24.Contract or contract

25.**ea**: His lease is valid for at least a year.

26.**pp**: appoint=ad+point; d changes to p.

27.The elves enjoyed themselves on my bookshelves. There were only twelve.

28.ice: justice; relate justify to hear the i.

Alice, a young novice, wanted justice to be done so she worked in the office of the High Judge between the summer solstice and the winter solstice. (sol=sun; compare solar power, solarium, parasol. During the solstice, it looks as if the sun is standing stil).

- 1.on: They imprisoned his son; they put him in prison for treason without reason this season.
- 2.ain: Cain wanted to entertain his friends from Spain again.
- 3.ary: Mary worked as a voluntary worker for the ladies auxiliary of a distand subsidiary of a Catholic missionary, so she only received an imaginary salary.

Catholic-catholicism.

- 4.Celery (c for crunchy).
- 5.an: organ, organise: think organic.
- 6.Prefer from French préférer: preference, preferential, preferentially. Whole word+able: preferable.
- 7.or in foreign endings: director(French directeur), tractor(French tracteur), conductor (French conducteur), instructor (French instructeur), doctor (French docteur). However, chauffeur (literally stoker) didn't change (changer in French).
- 8.ure: injure-injury.
  - Since the **jury** was **sure** that there was no **cure** to get the **injured** man back to work because of his **injury**, they awarded him the highest amount of money of the **century**.
- 9.ea: The earl learnt to earn a living in all earnest already early in life by searching for pearls deep down oceans and seas.

10.ss: press, chess, bless.

11.The **i** functions as **y**: onion, union, million,...

### 12. **ur & ock**

#### Absurd

Rupert **Burdock**, a well-known member of the **surfclub** at Ayer's Rock put a new layer of **turf** on his paddock on the hillock because he wanted to grow dockleaves and Paddy's **curse** for his private **nurse** who wants to feed her bullock and some other stock in Cessnock.

- 13.A **surd** is an **absurd** number. You can put it on the numberline, but the calculator will never show it as terminating decimal.
- 14.ant, ance: assistant, assistance. Action: assistassisting; ing instead of ant.
- 15.on: It's not **uncommon** for the Police to **summon** Tony's **son**; the boy is a strange **person**, more **in** than **out** of **prison**.
- 16.Prefer, refer, preference, reference, referee. (French préférer, référer, hence e)
- 17.ee: This **referee** who lives in the middle of the **mallee**, feeds his **chimpanzee** on **coffee** and **toffee** which suits the animal to a **tee. Gee**!
- 18.Difficulty from French difficulté in which the u is pronounced. Difficult from French difficile. Many people have difficulty accepting another **culture** (culture in French), except when they need **acupuncture**. From Latin

acus (needle)+puncture. The a in acus is long, hence single c. Compare acute(sharp). 19.**al**:fin**al**-fin**al**ist-fin**al**ly.

20. "That's not the **issue**," said **Sue Blue**.

21.All letters in **Fortuna**-a Roman goddess-are pronounced cleary, but not in fortune, fortunate, unfortunately.

Using a mnemonic (literally something that helps you to remember).

This fisherman only fishes for **tuna**. For**tuna**tely, he is fort**una**te enough to catch a gr**ea**t d**ea**l.

- 22.The Labor Party depends on an elaborate and deliberately intricate but legitimate and moderately adequate conglomerate of rules and principles.
- 23.**Bor**is alsways votes La**bor** or Liberal although he is a lab**our**er working with his neighb**our** on the wharves near the harb**our**.
- 24.Hurry-hurriedly.
- 25. Christmas: literally a Mass dedicated to Christ.
- 26.Decide-decision, deride-derision, collidecollision.
- 27.Speed-speedy-speedily.
- 28.Strong-strength. Long-length.

# **Spelling clues 31**

- 1. **le:** strug**g**le-strug**g**ler-strug**g**ling, wrig**g**lewrig**g**ling, gigg**le**-gig**g**ling.
- 2. Round-around-**sur**round (sur:French from super in Latin: over) Compare: **sur**charge (a charge on top of). **Sur**vey (overlook, look over).
- 3. ea: "When an unpleasant peasant threatened to kill my peacock and my pheasant, sweat soaked my sweater despite the cold weather," said Heather.
- 4. ss: class, glass, brass, grass, pass-trespass; tres=trans=across. Compare: transatlantic, transversal, transaction,...
  A boy in my class was trespassing on the newly laid grass of Mr Glass, a member of
- the local brass band.
  5. "I like your blouse; they match your trousers," said a spouse when his wife entered the

house chasing a mouse.

 a endings: umbrella from umbra=shade. Compare: penumbra, umbral, umbrageous,...

A contra guerilla who lived near the Tampa Delta on the Florida Peninsula in America where he organised the yearly regatta, went for a holiday (literally holy day) to Wagga Wagga where he stayed in a villa between the local cinema and the local opera. When he started to grow an illegal kind of alfalfa under an umbrella from seeds imported from a savanna outside Havana, he was caught during a razzia as he was dancing a polka while giving some vanilla to his gorilla, his goanna, his brolca, his echidna, a blind kookaburra and his pet tarantula, because he sincerely believed in the propaganda that it helped combat malaria which is such an uncomfortable phenomina. Since his sentence didn't show a comma, he died of nostalgia.

- Guerilla (single r because the stress is on the second syllable (.---.) from French guerre, Spanish guerra-war.
- Peninsula, penumbra: from pen+umbra (shade) and pen+insula (island, hence s).
   Prefix pen from French à peine=almost.
   Compare Cape York Peninsula.
- Silent w: while William was wresteling with a snapper in order to put it into a wrapper, he lost both his wrist watch and the dapper snapper. Dapper from Dutch dapper=brave.

10.Chocolate from French chocolat in which the first two syllables are pronounced clearly.

11.Stop-stopping-stopper-stopped.

- 12.age: After his pilgrimage to Mecca in his car of an ancient vintage, Page envisaged living in the tiny village cottage where he was once held hostage while keeping alive on one single sausage. Unfortunately, it never happened. Due to shrinkage, his vintage car looked like a wreckage because it had lost its once glorious image.
- 13.ai: Since his vintage car was no longer available (whole word+able), he loudly bewailed his loss by using a hailer, then unhooked his trailer and turned it into a sailer, so the once vintage tailor turned into a vintage sailor.
- 14.ai: The Saint put in a complaint that the new paint he had obtained from an acquaintance put restraint on his breathing which made him faint. He maintained that the paint contained some chemical that stopped him from attaining his aim.

The **acquaintance explained** that one should always **abstain** from or **refrain** from drinking alcohol while using **paint** because that's what caused him to **faint**.

- 15.**ous for adjectives**: danger-danger**ous** (French dangereux), call**ous**, melody-melodi**ous**.
- 16.**pp**:a**pp**ear-disa**pp**ear: according to the format of ad+riva=arrive=literally **to the river**.

- 17. Put a c**over over** it. Discover=uncover.
- "I'm disgusted with these August gusts," said Justin.
- 19. Discuss-discussing-discussed-discussion.
- 20. **Our** fav**our**ite flav**our**, od**our** and col**our** (French odeur, couleur).
- 21.Compose-composite-composition, opposeopposite-opposition, define-definite-definition, finite-infinite (not finite).

Since I have an **exquisite** taste, a **hypocrite** is **definitely** not my **favourite** friend. He or she would be the **infinite opposite**.

**Exquisite** from Latin **exquisitus**. Compare: inquire-**inquisitive**.

- 22.Su**pp**ly-su**pp**lier. Compare a**pp**eal from ad+peal(to attract attention).
- 23.**Introduce**=intro (in)+duce (lead). Intruduction (same as in French).
- 24.**Know**: The silent k relates to **ken** (Dutch and Scottish). **Knowledge**.
- 25.We made a **collage** (French) in **college**. Collage from French coller-to glue.
- 26.**sincere** (French sincère). The e is heard in **sincerity**.
- 27.Diction-diction**ary**. M**ary** tempor**ari**ly lost her diction**ary** in Janu**ary**.

Unfortunately, it is necess**ary** to have one in Second**ary**. As you all know, losing things is heredit**ary**. Fortunately the secret**ary** found it in Feb**r**u**ary** (8letters).

- 28.Mary's van has been **stationary** in front of the station since **January**; it's full of station**er**y for the station**er** who runs the pap**er** shop.
- 29.Differ (e pronounced)-different-difference (e not pronounced). French: différence.
- 30.**Excite**: ex+cite. Change the prefix to see how it works: in**cite**, re**cite**.
- 31.Girlfriend, friendship (Dutch vriend).
- 32.Light, night, slight. Frighten-frightened.
- 33.invite-invitation: from French inviter, invitation.
- 34.**Punish** from French pu**n**ir (hence **one n**) in which the stress is on the last syllable.
- 35.Su**cc**ess: the two Cs are pronounced separately:(k) and (s) before e.
- 36.**Caterpillar**: Literally hairy cat. Compare cap**illar**y, resembling a hair. Capillary action in porous bricks. Water is drawn up through the hairlines; hence the compulsory use of a dampcourse.
- 37.pose-compose-impose-oppose-repose. Oppose from ob+pose=to put against. Positiondeposit in which the o is heard. Same with composition-compose.

- 38.**Interest**: from **inter**+esse(Latin to be). **Interesting**; **e** is written, not heard. (French intéressant)
- 39.ea: "Be sure to **measure** the **treasure**," said the **peasant** to **Heather** who is as tough as **leather** but light as a **feather** (French mésurer, trésor)
- 40.**Converse** (French converser)-re**verse**-in**verse**. Conversation (same in French).
- 41.er: It certainly is difficult to converse with a German person or an alert mermaid (from French la mer=the sea) while they are reciting a verse with a gherkin in their mouth, no matter how verbally perfect they are.
- 42.er: She prefers her own kerchief to a tissue or somebody else's handkerchief.
- 43.ie:The chief lost his briefcase as well as his handkerchief.
- 44.

#### A terse verse

Perched on her berth in the sick bay at Perth, watched by the stern looking erns and terns, was a perse, terse-looking spermwhale serving till the end of term to get rid of a German germ. Then there emerged along the berm of the ferny shores, a pert and perk herd of herbivores. The whale, alert, full astern with an expert jerk of her tail, had the nerve to swerve with verve away from the grassy kerb, thus ending her sentence without verb.

# Spelling clues 32.

- 1.el: fu**el**-refu**el**-refu**el**ling-refu**e**lled.
- 2.omit-omitting-omitted: double consonant to keep the short sound.
- 3.Homophone: This builder works on the building site opposite the local church. Compare: sit, situation. In situ (pouring concrete). During a dark night, things disappear quickly out of sight (Dutch zicht)
- 4.Homophones: The sole survivor walked on shoes with holes in both **soles**.
  - S.O.S. Save our **souls**.
- 5.The **bursar** who is in charge of the **purse** of a University, should **urgently urge** the Dean to **purge** all money on private trips.
- 6.Adult or adult
- 7.Homophones: Mary wanted to get married in front of the new altar that had been paid for dollar for dollar. As soon as I altered (alteration) the halter, the horse started to falter (from French faute=mistake). The relationship between Dutch u and English I has been shown earlier: zout, mout, oud, goud, houd... salt, malt, old, gold, hold.

8.cease, lease, grease, crease.
After the cease fire, many soldiers had a new lease on fire. They didn't need to grease their

rifles, stifle a cough or press a new **crease** in their pants. They would have a trifle more enthusiasm to live.

- 9.Single I: Pat wanted to enrol in an annual course to learn how to patrol the Panama Canal in order to control people wanting to illegally distil alcohol in Brazil. In order to fulfil his duty, he stayed in a motel or sometimes in a hotel until he was able to excel in his task to repel and expel the culprits as well as dispel any fear that he couldn't handle any situation or that he was likely to rebel. Consequently, at the end of the course, the officer in charge pinned a shiny badge of excellence onto his lapel.
  - **Note:** enrolling, patrolling, controlling, distilling, fulfilling, excelling, excellence, excellent,

repelling, expelling, dispelling, rebelling.

- 10.exist**ence**-exist**ent**. French existence. (a state, not an action).
- 11.**False**: Compare French **faute** in which the u relates to the I. (Dutch vals)
- 12.**False**: The relationship between I and u can also be seen in **fault**.
- 13.We could mention the word fraud if an Australian manufacturer keeps on delivering faulty petrol gauges without replacing them or refunding the money received (reception).
- 14.**Singe, binge, hinge**,...

- 15.**Mayor**: from Spanish mayor=major. The **may**or was born in May.
- 16.Maj**or**-maj**or**ity, min**or**-min**or**ity, seni**or**-seni**or**ity.
- 17.Queue: During W.W.II., people formed long queues to buy food; sometimes, the queue was so long that it extended around the corner. Mnemonic: Think twice ue.
- 18.**Homophones**: The **rain** in Sp**ai**n(Sp**a**n**i**sh) falls mainly on the plain.

When you ride a horse, you have a **rein** in your **le**ft and r**i**ght hand.

During the **reign** (think re**g**al) of a queen or a king, the omnipotent holds the reins of the country.

- 19.**Rh**yme and **rh**ythm.
- 20.**Homophone**. Do you know the route (French word meaning road) to Brisbane? Ou as in yourney(daytrip, from French jour=day). Some people shoot at a bandicoot, others shoot at a harmless beet**root**.
- 21.**routine**: Literally a repetitive way (road) of doing things.
- 22.ei: When a woman fell through the **ceiling**, her husband **seized** her because she had a **seizure** and **received** multiple scratches to her body. Unfortunately, it happened during a wedding re**ce**ption. How **weird**! No rules: re**ce**ivere**ce**ption, per**ce**ive-per**ce**ption.

23.Even if you're **sensitive**, you can still have common **sense**.(sens**e**-5 sens**e**s). Sense-sensation. It's common **sense** to use mosquito (Spanish: little fly) repellent with

## incense.

24.1s this sword very sharp? My word! (Dutch zwaard)

- 25.**le**: title (French titre) follows the spelling of table (tablet) from French table.
- 26.**o**: one onion.

on: union, million, billion, onion

- 27.ei: When Keiran and Keira Weir received their heirloom, they thought that it looked weird.
- 28.If you want to know how **wide** it is, you want to measure its **width**.
- 29.**Yacht** from Dutch jacht.
- 30.**ie**: The **Sheffield shield** match on our cricket field didn't yield many runs.
- 31. Why do you scrounge around my lounge?
- 32.A**cc**use from French from Latin ad+causa

(lawsuit): hence double c.

- 33.**al**: actu**al**-actu**al**ly.
- 34.ea: The men had to rehearse (=rehear) carrying the heavy hearse; they could hardly heave it.

- 1. Assure: follows the format of accuse. I can assure you that he is sure to come.
- 2. ur: A sturdy Turk with burning eyes from Istanbul in Turkey, grabbed his car key, put on his purple and turquoise coloured, turnip-shaped turban to go in a hurry to Durban for the purpose of solving a mysterious murder in a urban surfclub because the local Police didn't get any further than apprehending a curly and surly looking burglar without surname who was lurking around the scene pretending to play his hurdygurdy with the speed of any turtle one can purchase without surcharge in a petshop before curfew.
- 3.One of my **peers** wants to make his **career** by building houses with brick-**veneer**.
- 4.Our **ch**urch **ch**oir sings in **ch**orus. (Latin derived nouns ending in us like circus).
- 5.**Commit** from Latin com (together+mittere (put). Compare: **commit**tee.
- 6.**Single I**: Don't **compel** him to stay in a **motel** because he feels more comfortable in a **hotel** where he is more in **control**.
- 7.ory: It's compulsory for owners of a factory to provide a lavatory for the workers. Whether the factory is in the outback or near a promontory (mont=mountain) doesn't make a difference. If

they don't have a lavat**ory**, the owner must sign a promis**ory** note or a statut**ory** declaration to say that they will install one in the near future.

- 8.It's my **desire** to **hire** someone who can extinguish my bush**fire**.
- 9.or for foreign nouns: Doctor, conductor, instructor, creditor, debtor,...
- 10.The Sire and the Squire were entirely tired.
- 11.A person who delivers the **mail** by **ai**r, by r**ai**l or by s**ai**l, can either be a fe**male** or a **male**.
- 12.**ie**: Fierce, pierce.
  - This fiery looking woman is the niece of the chief of Police. She has piercing eyes so she looks rather fierce.
- 13.or: operator, curator, alligator, instigator,... A curator is the operator of a museum where he exhibits stuffed alligators but not instigators.
- 14.**op**: gallop from Dutch galop and French galop (silent p).

The **bishop** wanted to buy a **scollop**. Since he could only **lollop**, he hopped on his stallion and then gave it a **wallop** to cause it to **gallop**.

15.garage (French):

The **sage** got into a **rage** when someone dumped **garbage** in the **garage** at the back of his **cottage**.

16.gu: The u stops the g from sounding its name.

A royal guest from Guernsey went to New Guinea under the guise of a guitar playing guerilla, a member of a terrorist guild. When he and his guide went past the armed guard in front of the palace, the latter thought that the two men looked rather guilty so he told them to get into his limousine which ran on kerosene and kept them for nine months in quarantine before taking them to a rusty guillotine. Their bodies felt like gelatine or margarine. When the guard went into his submarine to get a tangerine, a magazine as well as a tambourine, the royal guest and his guide hid under a trampoline where they couldn't be seen.

- 17.our for nouns: honour (French honneur with the stress on the last syllable), favour (French favour), humour (French humeur), honourable (whole word+able), favourable.
- 18.**ous for foreign adjectives**: humour-humor**ous**. The first u is now omitted.
- 19.ea: It's very difficult to play Rugby **League** ten **leagues** under **sea** level.

20.**or**: mirr**or** from French miroir. The auth**or** (auth**or**ity) looked in horr**or** when he saw himself in the mirr**or**.

- 21.**image** from French image with the stress on the last syllable; hence one m. imagineimagination-imaginary.
- 22.motion (French).
- 23.ur: Kurt sees with a blur and speaks with a slur although it sounds more like a murmur.
- 24.**Homophones**: mu**sc**le; the **c** is heard in mus**c**ular.
  - Mr Russell used to sell **mussels** in **Brussels**. (Bruxelles; hence el).
- 25.You can't buy petr**ol**eum in a museum. Petr**ol**

26.Occupy-occupant-occupation-occupancy.

27.pose-oppose-opposite-opposition-opponentexponent-exponential.

**Ob**(against)+**pose** (put); the **b** changes to **p** to make a good blend.

- 28.Compare: reside-resident-redidential.
- 29.**pur**: pursue-purs**ui**t from French pours**ui**vre (to follow); hence the **ui**.

While the **purser** (he holds the **purse** to buy food) of a ship was busy talking to a **purveyor**, a passenger **surveyor** noticed that a sailor wanted to turn himself into a **conveyor** with the sole **purpose** to **purloin** some goods in order to exchange it for some foreign coin. When the **surveyor** decided to **pursue** the sailor, he knocked his head against a **purlin** during the **pursuit**. Not only did his face look **purple**, he also ripped his suit.

30.**ent**: recent (French recent) is an adjective which is descriptive, not active.

The re**cent cent**enary celebrations cost a furtune.

- 31.red**uc**e-red**uc**tion, ind**uc**e-ind**uc**tion, sed**uc**esed**uc**tion,...
- 32.regard from French regarder=to look, hence no u after the g. Send my regards to the guards in the

school**yard** if it's not too **hard**.

- 33.ie: The Police besieged a house on piers near the frontier in order to retrieve a batch of stolen briefcases. When the chief wielded a cricket bat, the fierceful looking thief with piercing eyes shrieked, "Good grief!" To his relief, the chief missed and thus achieved nothing much as such. However, I believe that in the end, the thief went to pieces when the chief's niece sent in her dog that belonged to a vicious species and didn't want to reprieve the sentence of the thief, no matter how quickly the priest arrived on the field to relieve the fiendish fiend.
- 34.a**ff**air: same format as a**ff**ix (ad+fix) or a**ff**irm (ad+firm).

The fair haired fairy who lived in a lair on the

pr**airie** had an aff**ai**r with the dwarf who lived downst**ai**rs.

- 35.a**rr**est from Latin ad+restare.
- 36.**eme**: What's the th**eme** of your sch**eme**? (Dutch schema; French schéma).
- 37.**ure**: The doctor was not s**ure** whether or not he could proc**ure** or sec**ure** the medic**ine** necessary to c**ure** an obsc**ure** disease.

## Spelling clues 34.

- 1. **al**: seri**al**-seri**al**ly.
- 2. **ous for adjectives**: serious, humorous, dangerous, meticulous,...
- 3. ere: "I believe that you should adhere to an inherently sincere and coherent policy that will make you persevere in achieving what you revere, "said the reverend to the student who was used to a severe climate in the Northern Hemisphere.
- 4. **one r**: spirit-spiritual-spiritually from French esprit.
- wa or qua: A W.A. black swan continued to wash her quads in the warm water of the swamp after she had squashed the wasp who had wanted to sting them with its magic wand.

- system from French système, hence the e. My digestive system has a solemn (solemnity) problem.
- 7. They're=they are.
- 8. um:(Latin ending) My mum often visits the new millennium (from French mille=1000) museum. Once she has passed through a type of Roman atrium, she admires old-fashioned petroleum cans, vacuum cleaners, stuffed possums, fair-dinkum columns from Belgium, a memorandum of Pope Pius II, pots with talcum and potassium, syringes with serum. On the first floor there is an aquarium with fish coloured with every shade of the spectrum. On the top floor there is a planetarium with hundreds of stars and well-known planets.
- The exhaust of an old truck loaded with a volume of perfume, was spitting out black fumes on the Hume Highway.
- 10. **on**: When a pers**on** in a comm**on** squadr**on** of a French battalli**on** hurt his tend**on** while using a weap**on**(Dutch wapen) to shoot at an escaped pris**on**er hiding in an aband**on**ed Ford Falc**on**, his face turned crims**on**.

- ous for adjectives: jealous, zealous, curious,... Jean, the wife of the Dean, is not only mean and zealous but also jealous.
- 12. Homophones: This store is wholly owned by the Uniting Church of the Holy Ghost," said our friendly host before he went on holiday (=holy day; drop the y and put an i).
- 13. wor: "The worm works in the underworld. It doesn't say a word because its cough is getting worse, so much so that it isn't worthy using it as bait," said Mrs Woolworth.
- 14. **Homophones**: "You're not **allowed** to shoot at people," said a mother **aloud** to her brother who then aimed at a cloud.
- 15. an ancient (French ancien from an=year) ancestor flew in a Lancaster from London to Manchester.
- 16. **Apology** from **apo**(away from)+**logos** (speech). The **o** can be heard in **lo**gic.
- age: The average class mark in this village school is in accordance with each student's age.
- 18. **benefit**: from bene(good)+facere(do), hence one n. Relate **bene**ficial.
- "This is an **aw**kward ward to work in," said the warden while he shifted yet again a heavy wardrobe.

- 20. **Bicycle**: from bi(two)+cycle(wheel). Le: cy**cl**e-cy**cl**ist.
- 21. **Biscuit**: from bis(twice)+cuit(baked); in other words, crunchy.
- 22. **ui**: Don't spill fr**ui**tj**ui**ce or the cream of this bisc**ui**t on your good s**ui**t.
- 23. capable(French). The a shows up in capacity. Le: capable-capably.
  This female constable is quite capable. She can jump from the gable onto the table in the stable.
- 24. Cargo-cargoes, potato-potatoes, tomatotomatoes.
- 25. Toes fit in shoes.
- 26. ei: This man is so conceited that he conceives his head to be above the ceiling. Forget about rules. The linguistic approach can do without them. Receive-receptionreceipt, perceive-perception, deceivedeception, conceive-conception.
- 27. This j**ury** is the same as in the last cent**ury** (the y-sound is heard).
- 28. centennial-centennially.
- 29. centenary.
- 30. ey: A cockney went to Sydney to work as a jockey. As soon as he had earned some money, he filled his trolley with a medley of items such as honey, peanuts for his monkey,

carrots for his donkey, volleyballs and hockeyballs for his girlfriend and medicine for his kidney. When he opened door number fifty on the fifth storey, he noticed that his room was full of smoke because he had lit the woodstove without the chimney.

- 31. Collide from com(together)+leadere(to strike). M changes to I.
- 32. combine-combination from French combiner and combination with audible o.
- 33. comp**any**-comp**ani**on from com(with)+pane (bread in Latin, pan in Spanish, pain in French. The word literally means breaking bread with... a friend; compare Last Supper.
- 34. **Silent n**: condem**n** (from Latin prefix con+demnare)-condem**n**ation. Solem**n**-solem**n**ity, colum**n**-colum**n**al, hym**n**-hym**n**al, autum**n**-autum**n**al.
- 35. copy, keep the y, copying.
- 36. **il**: Mrs **April**, a member of the local **civil council**, wanted to scratch her **nostril**. However, a **pupil** from a nearby school suddenly appeared and knocked against her **pencil**, the **evil devil**. Since it went into her mouth, it damaged her **tonsil** so now her life is in **peril**. Hopefully, she won't turn into a **fossil**.

# 37. **ous for adjectives**: curi**ous**, furi**ous**, spuri**ous**,...curi**ous**-curiosity.

38. op: develop from French développer with the stress on the last syllable, hence one I. "My stallion starts to develop a nice galop," said the bishop.

- No rules to remember, only ears to listen and hear: deceive-deception, receive-receiptreception-receptionist.
- Defend from French défendre.
   Millie Tenpin was pensive but also defensive, so she took up fencing. In the end, she was quite capable to defend herself.
- Descend (going down) from French descendre. Ascend (going up). The sniffer dog followed the scent during the steep descent. Sc: Think escalate-escalatorscala-scale a ladder.
- 4. **ea**: You can't be at **ease** when you have a contagious dis**ease**.
- 5. scent, cent, sent: homophones.
  I sent a letter (s for stamp).
  I spent ten cents (c for coin).
  I like the scent of ten cents worth of incense.

- Double Dutch: During the drought, the bough fell down onto the plough. Then nothing was heard but the sough of the wind in the willows near the windows of the widows.
- 7. Picni**c**-picni**ck**er-picni**ck**ing.
- 8. eme: I find the **theme** of your **scheme** rather extreme (extremity).
- 9. **ent, ence**: evident, evidently, evidence. The e shows up in evidential.
- 10. Spend-expenses, defend-defensive, comprehend-comprehensivecomprehension, expensive.
- 11. Far, farther, farthest, relating to distance only.
- 12. Further: I don't want to listen to your arguments any further.
- 13. **ea**: The artist cr**ea**ted a cr**ea**ture with very expressive f**ea**tures.
- 14. el: Flannel from Dutch flanel with one a because the stress is on the last syllable. The el formation can be seen in flannellette.
- 15. Vary, drop the y and put an i: various, variety.
- 16. Theatre theatrical-theatrically.
- 17. om: The boredom of officialdom in any kingdom is like a phantom, like an invisible atom, like a plant without blossom, like the fathomless bottom of an ocean.

The weekly pay of the recipients is but a token of the total rans**om**.

- 18. Gener**al**-gener**al**ly.
- 19. ous for adjectives: generous, conspicuous, various,...
- 20. generous, drop the u, generosity.
- 21. grade-gradu**al**-gradu**al**ly.
- 22. **immense**(French) from Latin im(not)+mensus (measured). Immensurable can't be measured.
- 23. The **sire** wanted to **inquire** whether or not he could hire an extinguisher to extinguish a **fire** in the Hawkesbury **Shire**.
- 24. **Inquire**: drop the e and put y; **inquiry**.
- 25. Instant-instantaneous from Latin in+stare (stand). The a can be seen and heard in station which is derived from the same verb.
- 26. Justify: drop the y and put an I; justification.
- 27. Emerge from ex(out of)+mer (sea in French). The opposite is submerge. Emergency. Compare mermaid.
- 28. p**er**ch: Compare b**er**th(b**e**d).
- 29. wor: His cough is getting worse, the worst it has ever been; he can't even swallow liverwurst. (Think u in Frankfurter or humburger named after cities in Germany.)
- 30. Did you observe that this petrol station has a self serve system?

- 1. **ure**: nat**ure**-natur**al**-natur**al**ly. Nurt**ure** from French nourir. To give nourishment.
- 2. **ur**: The **nurse** in the **nursery nurtured** the little boy who had undergone **urgent surgery**.
- 3. opinion: (French opinion in which the o is clearly pronounced). Dutch opinie.
- 4. **ent, ence**: patient is not only a noun but also an adjective; both are non-active. The **e** is heard in Spanish paci**en**cia.
- 5. Form-perform-perform**ance** (think perform**ing**=action)-form**a**tion.
- 6. Popular-popularity, similar-similarity.
- perform, perceive, per cent, per annum(annual-annually from French an=year).
- ceed: There are only three words with that ending; they each have a similar meaning: succeed-success-succession, proceed-process-procession, exceed-excess. Prefixes suc=sur, pro, ex. The fiery steed exceeded the speed limit. Since it was not allowed to proceed, it didn't succeed in winning the race.

- Limit from French limite with one m because the stress is on the last syllable.
   Timid from French timide.
- 10. Pose-**op**pose-**im**pose-pr**op**ose-**sup**poseproposal (plan).
- My grandma went to the **Bahamas** in a new type of **pyjamas**, so that created quite a number of **dramas**.
- 12. **wa & qua**: The **qual**ity of this **wa**ter is quite good, but not the **qua**ntity.
- 13. Re**al**-re**al**ly-re**al**ise-re**al**ity in which the a is heard.
- 14. Re**ce**ive-re**ce**ipt-re**ce**ption-re**ce**ptionist in which the **p** points to the silent **p** in recei**p**t.
- 15. Our guest from the west had a silly request; he wanted to sleep in a crow's nest.
- 16. Satisfy-satisfaction, tidy-tidying (keep the y).
- 17. au: Australian sausages, hamburgers and frankfurters are usually smothered by barbecue sauce; no s because that would sound (z) as in because.
- 18. ct: insect, intersect, section, select-selection, perfect-perfection,...
- 19. soci**al**-soci**al**ly-society.
- 20. **ch**: Tom has a stoma**ch** a**ch**e; he ate too mu**ch** spina**ch**. Much=mucho(Spanish).
- 21. Su**gg**est from French suggérer from Latin sub+gerere(to bring). B changes to g.

- 22. Sur**face**: Literally on the **face**(French). Compare **sur**charge, **sur**prise, **sur**render, to give up.
- 23. Tobacco-tobacconist.
- 24. T**ou**rist from French touriste: someone who enjoys doing t**ou**rs(j**ou**rneys) around the c**ou**ntry.
- 25. Traffi**c**-traffi**ck**er.
- 26. Tragedy from French tragédie in which the e is clearly audible.

## Spelling clues 37.

- 1. Twelve-twelfth.
- 2. Hesitate from French hésiter, hence one s(stress on the last syllable).
- 3. Myst**er**y from French mystère. Myst**er**ious from French mystérieux-mystérieuse.
- 4. ph: physical-phisically-physiotherapyphysiotherapist. Telephone (far sound), photograph, phobia, phoneme, phlegm, philosophy, Phillip, phenomenon,...
- Homophones: This general practitioner has his practice in a medical centre(central). If you want to become a good soccer player, you'll have to practise seriously.

- Price-precious: The I and the e have swapped places. In Spain and Spanish, the a and the I remain in the same order.
- 7. **serve**-ob**serve**-con**serve**-pre**serve**-serv**a**nt preserv**a**tive preserv**a**tion (hence the a).
- 8. Probable, probably (from French probable in which the a is pronounced clearly. However, the **a** can be heard in prob**a**tion(trial). Latin probare to prove.(Dutch proberen-to try out).
- Purchase from por (for)+chase.
   Mnemonic: The nurse lost her purse so she started to curse because she couldn't buymeans purchase-anything.
- sur: on, above, up. Surcharge=is a charge on top of the normal one. Survive, surrender, surplus,...

Since the burglars had finished the surplus of food, they surrendered in order to hopefully survive; most probably by paying a surcharge.

- 11. Religion-religious: Soldiers in the **Foreign** Legion don't adhere to any particular religion.(French religion).
- 12. Ridicule (French, from rire=to laugh). Ridiculous.
- 13. Sergeant: The e makes the g sound its name. compare goose and gander.

The **serge**ant, dressed in **serge**, s**er**ved during W.W.II in the Atlantic.

- 14. le: squabble-squabbling.
- 15. Susceptible-susceptibility from sub+capere(to take on) b changes to s.
- 16. Prefixes+cept: incept-inception, conceptconception, susceptible: Gus was susceptable to criticism.
- 17. Sympathy from Greek sym(same, together) +pathos(feeling); hence the a. sympathetic, sympathise, compare symphony: sound together.
- 18. Tax-taxation-taxable.(noun + able) Value: drop the e to make valuable.
- 19. **able**: Some part-words also take able; in some, the **a** can be traced in another word. Durable(from endure without the e; duration), irritable(irritate), hospitable (hospital, hospitality), formidable(French formidable), navigable(navigation), impeccable(from Latin peccare-to sin) peccavi-confession of guilt; literally: I have sinned.
- 20. **tele=far**: telegram(write from far away), telescope(see something far away), television(far+see), telephone(a sound from far away).

Both Greek and Latin words are highly descriptive and short; in English we need many words to explain the meaning of any of the ones in Greek or Latin; no wonder they have almost taken over, especially in technical language: diagonal from Greek across+angle a line from one angle to another.

- 21. ea: Please measure the treasure before the end of the season, preferably on Monday; there is no special reason.
- 22. **verse**: uni**verse**, in**verse**, re**verse**, trans**verse**, uni**ver**sity,...
- 23. Leisure from German leise-slow, take it easy.
- 24. Veran**dah** or veran**da**.
- 25. A**cc**ord-in a**cc**ordance.
- 26. **ful** in combinations: waste**ful**, pain**ful**, aw**ful**,... But **all right**(two words)
- 27. worry: The o may be remembered by using the expression don't worry.
  Worry is like a rocking chair: it keeps you going but it doesn't get you anywhere.
- 28. Whole word+able (drop the e though): advise-advisable.
- 29. Aerodrome from Greek.
- 30. lot-allot-ballot.
- 31. **Starting with a**: amaze, agree, alone, above, aforesaid, ago,...

32. Ambulance from Latin ambulare-to walk; hence the a for action. Compare: perambulator(pram); something

to take the baby out for a walk.

- 33. behave-behaviour, save-Saviour. (the e is left out and replaced by the i).
- 34. Catalogue, catalyst, catapult, cataract, catafalque, Catalan, cataclysm, catacomb,...
- 35. **character** from French caractère. Our **ch**emist is funny **ch**ar**act**er, at least by the way he **act**s.
- 36. Commit-committee: Latin com+mittere (French mettre to put together, hence mm, tt.

- 1. Collide-collision.
- 2. condition (French).
- sc: conscious, science, scientific, scent, scenery, sciatica.
   Scarlet is very self-conscious of the way she moves around because she suffers from sciatica.
- 4. **op**: operate-operator opera.
- 5. Veh**ic**le from French véhicule. No veh**ic**ular traff**ic** means no cars.

- 6. Vice-vicious.
- 7. The prince**ss** acted as a witne**ss** without much succe**ss**.
- 8. Peculiar-peculiarity. All liars are a bit peculiar.
- 9. **ate**: accur**ate**-accuracy from Latin ad+cura (care).

After a moderately elaborate and intricate and adequately accurate deliberate deliberation that took approximately one month, the committee issued a certificate in triplicate to the Court and in duplicate to the fortunate inventor so that he could Irgitimately sell his new type of distillate that proved to be harmless to the palate.

10. Active-activity-activist.

11. Noun-pronoun-pronounce-announcedenounce.

Annouce: literally to spread the word(noun); ad+noun, hence nn format.

- Same for prove-approve-approval-disprove.
   Relate probe, probation(on trial).
   Compare: move-mobile(v b relationship).
- 13. Appetite from French bon appétit. Pp: one fot the plate, one for the palate.
- 14. argue-argument.
- 15. astonish from French étonner. He was **as as**tonished **as** I was.

- Homophones: ewe(female sheep) and you.
   Give the ewe a ewer of milk.
- 17. Calend**ar** (Spanish calend**ar**io in which the a is pronounced). From calends, the first day of each month in the ancient Roman calendar (when interest on debts had to be paid).
- au: All automobiles in Australia have to proceed with caution, especially during autumn.
- 19. This champion stallion eats millions of onions in one month, but not all on a Monday.
- 20. le: circle-circling-circulate-circular,...
- 21. ir: The girls in first class and third class went to a circular circus.
- 22. Collapse-collapses-collapsed-collapsing. The silent e in collapse is heard in collapses. The chap did twenty **laps** around the oval before he collapsed. After a **lapse** (time lapses) of half an hour, he did another twenty **laps**, more than any of the other chaps.
- 23. The **blast** was in sharp **contrast** with the silence that only **last**ed till half **past**.
- 24. Persuade-persuasion. The **u** is pronounced as a **double u**.
- 25. per: Perceive, perception, percentile, perceptive, percolate, percussion, perfect.

My brother is a **perfect percussionist** with a clear **perception** how to **percolate** coffee.

- 26. Finite-definite-definitely. Define definition.
- 27. Delicate from French délicat. Delicatessen. This embroidery is very intricate, elaborate and delicate. At the Royal Easter Show, it was awarded a merit certificate in duplicate because one might not have been adequate.
- 28. Family-familiar-familiarity.
- 29. **ent, ency**: frequent-frequency-frequ**ent**able in which the e is pronounced whole word+able.
- 30. **ea**: incr**ea**se-decr**ea**se from Latin in+crescere (to grow more), de+crescere(to grow less). Compare: crescendo in music-to get louder. Increment(a raise), decrement(a deduction)
- 31. If you don't **increase** the amount of **grease**, the b**ea**rings will **cease**.
- 32. Indicate-indicat**or**, initi**al**-initi**al**ly-initi**al**siniti**a**te.
- 33. Innocent from in+nocens(not harm).

- 1. irrit**a**te-irrit**a**ble.
- 2. kerosene( o as in petrol, petroleum).
- 3. Lazy; drop the y and put an i: laziness.
- 4. Locate-location.
- Major-majority, minor-minority.
   Each word identifies a letter in its relation: major-majority.
- 6. **al**: casu**al**-casu**al**ly-casu**al**ty.
- 7. ine: medicine (French). I can't imagine that a friend of mine who lives in Engadine studies medicine; at present, he only likes to examine his engine to see that it is genuine.
- 8. minist**er**-minist**er**ial.
- 9. spell-spells-spelt.
- 10. Nuisance from French ennuyer-to annoy. A builder finally had a chance to go on a cruise to France. Unfortunately, during the trip, he dropped a glass of fruitjuice with ice on his good suit. Since it was already late, he didn't linger any longer with his bruised finger, so he said, "What a nuisance."
- 11. **ous for adjectives**: numer**ous**, curi**ous**, hum**or**ous(hum**our**), delici**ous**, consci**ous**.
- 12. Delic**a**cy-delic**a**te from French délic**a**t. Delic**a**tessen.

- 13. Leonard breeds leopards. Leonardo Da Vinci drew them. A Leopard was thought to be a cross between a leo(lion) and a pardus (Dutch paard-horse). A lion will put the life of a leopard into jeopardy.
- 14. Official-officially.
- 15. The queen visited our cl**ass** but she was too embarr**ass**ed to sit with us on the gr**ass**.
- 16. The original inhabitant of Australia was an aborigine (prefix ab=from)born out of aboriginal parents. Origin-original-originality-originate.
- Ornament-ornamental-ornamentally. The a can be found in ornate.
   An ornate, elaborately decorated ornament.
- Parallel lines, parabola, paragraph, parachute (for, meaning against the fall) parasol(for, meaning against the sun).
- 19. **Audi**ence, **audi**ovisual(**hear** and see). Audit, auditor.

Inspector, spectacle, spectacles: look An Australian audience has the tendency to stay home during autumn, especially during autumnal rain. Then they prefer to be entertained by their audiovisual apparatus.

20. **Busy**; drop the y and put an i: **busier**, **busiest**, **business**. Gus drives a bus; he has a **busy** bus**i**ness. (bus is short for **omni**bus: **for all**).

Compare: **omni**potent-**all** mighty. **Omni**vore. Omni**vor**ous: **eating** everything edible.

Herbivore: eating greens.

Carnivore: eating meat.

**Carni**val: last day of eating **meat** before Lent Compare: omni**vor**ous and **vor**acious.

- 21. Nu**clear**: It should be quite **clear** that a nucle**ar** w**ar** will destroy all life on **ea**rth.
- 22. **Uni**que(French): **one**(uni) of; not necessarily special. A uni**corn**(from **cornus=horn**) is a unique animal.
- 23. **Propa**ganda-**propa**gate(to produce, to spread).

A panda is a herbivorous mammal that propagates mainly in China.

- 24. Clinic**al**-clinic**al**ly, fin**al**-fin**al**ly.
- 25. Proportionate from pro(per)+portion(part). The **a** can be seen in proportion**a**l, proportion**a**lly, proportion**a**ble (whole word+able).
- 26. Dormitory from French dormir-to sleep. The dormitory is between a factory(factorial) and an observatory(a for observation). Since it has no lavatory(from French laver-to wash), the guests have to walk down a twentystorey high promontory whether they are Liberal or Tory.

- 27. **ate**: Kate is quite considerate but also obstinate, not very accurate and moderately literate, so she didn't get a legitimate school certificate because her performance was proportionately below the approximate average.
- 28. Matriculate+matriculation(registration). Relate matrix to identify the **a**.
- 29. A**pp**reciate from ad+price(e and I have interchanged):literally to put a price on something. Standard prefix+stem format(pp).
- 30. Antarctica is south of Australia.
- 31. Contemplate from French contempler.
- 32. Intelligent-intelligence-intelligentsia(shows the en). This gent is a member of the intelligentsia.
- 33. Erupt(e=ex=out), disrupt, corrupt from rupt-to go to pieces. When the volcano erupted, the whole village was disrupted.
- 34. **Trans**lucent from trans(**across**, through) +lucere(to shine). Relate lux-light, luxury.
- 35. Nonchal**ant**-nonchal**ance**. From French nonchalant-not warm. Relate French chaleur(heat) and chauffeur, literally someone who keeps the fire going(stoker).
- 36. Arabesque: An ornate and intricate ornament or a standard pose in ballet. When an overweight Arab from Arabia tried

to do an **arab**esque, he looked rather grotesque.

- 37. The builder with the bruised finger on the cruise ship finally got to France. However, when he descended the gangway, he lost his balance because of his nonchalance and fell into the deep water, so he never got to see France because he missed his last chance.
- 38. Scaffolding from French échafauf (Dutch schavot). Many words in French and Spanish starts with e, whereas the corresponding English and Dutch ones start with s: Espagne, Espãna-Spain, Spanje.
- 39. Access-recess, process: prefix+stem format, hence cc.

Accessible: It's possible to access.

40. asm: enthusiasm, chasm(a deep cleft). Ism: prism, algorism, magnetism, mannerism, metabolism, anachronism,(from chronos=time) anachronism: something that cannot have happened at the particular time.

- 1. Cerem**on**y-cerem**on**ial.
- 2. Duplic**a**te(noun) and duplic**a**te(verb) in which the **a** is heard.
- 3. Tut**or**-tut**or**ial.
- 4. Advertise( $--\bullet\bullet$ ) advertisement( $\bullet--\bullet\bullet$ ).
- Adjourn from French jour(day): literally put off till another day. Relate yourney(daytrip), yournal(daily newspaper). They adjourned the publication of their journal because all the journalists were away on an overseas journey(tour).
- 6. **us for foreign nouns**: circ**us**, apparat**us**, surpl**us**,...
- peri: Greek prefix meaning around.
   Periscope=around+look
   perimeter=around+measure.
- Caprice from Latin capra=goat, an animal that often makes funny movements.
   Capriole. Relate capricorn=goat+horn from Latin capricornus.
- 9. Monarch from mono(one)+arch(ruler): archangel, archbishop. Monarchy.
- Exquisite from out+seek. Relate: inquire(to look into).
   Inquisition, acquisition(to get). The last two words point to the i in exquisite.
- 11. **al**: brut**al**-brut**al**ly-brut**al**ity.

- 12. Spelling through wordbuilding: Enam**el**-enam**el**ling-enam**el**led.
- 13. Dromedary (Dutch dromedaris) from Greek dromas=running; that's why they are used for races in Arabia. They have only one hump. Two dromedaries had a race around an Arabian aerodrome.
- 14. le: disciple-discipline.
- 15. o: aristocrat-aristocracy(••—••): Each word provides a clue for the other one). Members of the aristocracy are usually better at literacy than the rest of the democracy (democratic, ••—•).
- 16. Exp**and**-exp**ans**ion, ext**end**-ext**ens**ion. (standard change from d to s).
- 17. **ary: Ary** was the benefici**ary** of a dromed**ary** when his uncle **Gary** died in Janu**ary**. Although he accepted the dromerd**ary** without comment**ary**, he was in a bit of a quand**ary** because he had just joined the milit**ary** as a volunt**ary** soldier to look after a huge shipment of sanit**ary** equipment. When the dromed**ary** had some prelimin**ary** trouble with its coron**ary** art**er**y(art**er**ial), **Ary** decided that it was time to donate the dromed**ary** to a contempor**ary** African mission**ary** who travelled from sanctu**ary** to sanctu**ary**.

- 18. Unanimous from Latin unus (one+animus mind): literally one mind, meaning all people were in agreement.
- Fascinate from Latin fascinare=to bewitch.
   sc: science is fascinating.
- 20. ar: Mnemonic; burglar alarm.
- 21. influ**ence**-influ**ent**ial.
- 22. When the zebra had influenza (the official name for flu), they sent it back to Africa. The alfalfa of the savanna near a delta was a stigma to provide it with the health of a gorilla from a peninsula in Somalia.
- 23. As soon as Fr**anc**is had the ch**ance**, she paid her insur**ance**.
- 24. **rupt**-to go to pieces, break loose: e**rupt**, cur**rupt**, inter**rupt**, dis**rupt**.
- 25. Invisible with the i of vision.
- 26. Language from French; it relates to French langue=tongue.
- 27. Contemporary from Latin con+tempus(time). Tempus fugit: the time flies. Tempo-temporarily.
- 28. Machine-machinery.
- 29. **Miserable** from French misérable. Relate mysère=mysery. Whole word+able(the e is left out).
- 30. le: miserable-miserably.

- 31. necess**ar**y-necess**ar**ily-necessity from French nécessaire.
- 32. Neighbour from nigh(close)+ Old English **bur** (Dutch **buur**)

Our neighbour has eight black-and white coloured neighing reindeer. At Christmas, he sends them to Santa who has to pay the freight which depends on the height and the weight.

# Spelling clues 41

- Opera-operation (compare Spanish obrawork)
- Permanent-permanence (adjective: descriptive, not active, hence ent. Permanente, Spanish). From per (through) + manere(to remain).

"The price **per** kilo is **per**manent," said the **man**.

- 3. Severe-severity-persevere.
- 4. Politics-political-politically.
- 5. Practical-practically. Practicality.
- 6. Refer, prefer, preference, infer, preferring, preferred.
- 7. Preside, reside, president, resident, presidential, residential.

- ege, edge: Once upon a time, only the rich were privileged to go to college to gather knowledge. (d for student)
- 9. Telegram, program(tele=far, gram=write).
- 10. Rep**el**-rep**el**lent, exp**el**-exp**el**led, disp**el**disp**el**ling, prop**el**-prop**el**ler.
  - Single I at the end of some words:

Pat wanted to **enrol** in an annual (annually) course to learn how to **patrol** the Panama **canal** (Dutch kanaal) in order to **control** people wanting to illegally **distil alcohol** in **Brazil.** In order to **fulfil** his duty, he stayed in a **motel** or sometimes in a **hotel** until he was able to **excel** in his task to **repel** and **expel** the culprits as well as **dispel** any fear that he couldn't handle any situation, or that he was likely to **rebel**. Consequently, at the end of the course, the officer in charge pinned a shiny badge of excellence onto his **lapel**.

- Recognise-recognition from re+cognoscere (to know again). The o is in incognito. The king always travelled incognito so that nobody would recognise him.
- 12. commend-recommend.
- 13. refer, prefer, reference, preference, referee, referee, referendum.
- 14. secret, secretary, secretarial.
- 15. Sign, signal, signature.

- 16. Situation (French).
- 17. **Tele**phone from Greek **tele**(far) +phone (sound).
- Liberal, liberally from French libéral, liberté with the stress on the last syllable, hence only one b.
- 19. Travel, travelling, traveller.
- 20. Par**ent**, par**ent**al, appar**ent**, appar**ent**ly(from appear).
- 21. Artificial, artificially.
  Artifice from ars (skill)+facere(to make).
  Office, official, officially.
- 22. Assist, assistant, assistance assisting(action) from French assister.
- 23. **Tract**, at**tract**, at**tract**ion; standard prefix+ stem format: tt
- 24. mission, commission, commissioner.
- 25. The referee prefers to pre**pare-**com**pare**com**par**ison.
- 26. There is absolutely no compari**son** between Mr Edi**son** and his son who is an ar**son**.
- 27. confide-confident- confidence-confidentialconfidentially.
- 28. Con**ven**e-con**ven**ient-con**ven**ience. From con (together)+venire (French venir) to come. Compare **ven**ue.
- 29. During their **discus**sion, they **discus**sed the shape of a **discus**.

- 30. Event-eventu**al**-eventu**al**ly.
- 31. Experi**ence** from Latin experientia, Spanish experiencia, h**ence ence**.
- 32. Experiment from French expérimenter, hence one r.
- 33. Press, express, expression, expressionist.
- 34. Favourable; whole word+able.
- 35. Found-profound-foundation.
- 36. Suffice-suffici**ent**. Spanish suffici**ent**e (enough).
- 37. Visible-visibility-vision.
- 38. Comp**a**ny-accomp**a**ny-comp**a**nion from com+p**a**ne(bread).

Company: literally someone to br**ea**k br**ea**d with.

- 39. Anniversary from French anniversaire, (an=year); compare annual, annually, per annum.
- 40. **ary**: The honor**ary** secret**ary** of a lapid**ary** auxili**ary** wanted to celebrate her golden annivers**ary** during Febru**ary** in an out-of-theway bird sanctu**ary** along a tribut**ary** and looked after by a volunt**ary** mission**ary**without monet**ary** remuneration-who was also a member of a subsidi**ary** of the Federal liter**ary** Society in charge of producing a contempor**ary** diction**ary** based on the common folk vacabul**ary**.

- 41. Range-arrange-arrangement.
- 42. Sociate-associate-association-social-socially.

- 1. Compete-competition-competitorcompetitive.
- 2. structure-instruct-destruct-constructstructural-structurally.
- 3. Electric-electricity-electrical-electricallyelect-election-select.
- 4. Extravagant-extravaganza from Latin extra+vagari(to wander). Compare vagranta wanderer, so extravagant is to go beyond the norm.
- 5. Hand-handy-handicap-handicapped.
- Dependent-independent-independence; compare Spanish independencia with e. However, a dependant is a person depending on someone else.
- 7. Form-inform-perform-informer-informationformation-informative.
- Manufacture from Latin manus, French main(hand) + fascere(to make). Relate factory, manual, manually, maintain,...
- Mischief- mischievous: The niece of the Police chief is a bit of a mischief; she often hides his handkerchief or his briefcase.

- 10. Observation-observant-observatory. The e is in self serve.
- 11. O**pp**ortune-o**pp**ortunity: prefix+stem format, hence pp.
- 12. Prepare-compare: preparation-comparison.
- 13. Temperature from French température. Temperate-temperament-tempera, a painting medium like eggyolk with water to be mixed(temperare) with powdered pigments. Temperance (restraint).
- 14. Defect, affect-affection-affectionateaffection**ate**.

Kate is quite affectionate and considerate, but very obstinate, that's why she didn't get her Higher School certificate. She's only moderately literate. She scored approximately 20% in English because she's not very accurate.

- 15. Organ-organic-organise-organisation.
- Accommodation from Latin ad (to)+
   commodus (having the proper measure)
- Determine-determination, examineexamination, imagine-imagination, discipline-disciplinary-disciplinarian. But: engine-engineer.

A friend of m**ine** is determ**ine**d to terminate her job.

- Present(•—)-represent-representativerepresentation-presentation. French présent. Daisy Dent sent me a present(—•), but I was absent.
- 19. Connect: prefix+stem format, hence nn.
- 20. **Instr**ument(french): You need an **instr**uctor to tell you how to use an **instr**ument; don't just strum it.
- 21. Alone-lonely-loneliness; drop the y and put an i.
- 22. Public-publication.
- 23. Provide-provision, but attend-attention.
- 24. Convene-convention-convent from Latin con+venire(to come together) French venir. Compare venue.
- 25. Distribute-distribution from French distribuer, single b. Even in English we don't need to double the b because there is already a "double sound" with the b and the u.
- 26. Prove from Latin probare, Spanish probar-to try. Relate probe and probation; movemobile
- 27. Exam-examine-examination. A fine friend of mine spends the whole day to examine his engine to see if it is genuine.
- 28. Elect-election, select-selection.
- 29. Particular-particularity.
- 30. im: Muslim, pilgrim, victim, interim.

- 31. Estimate(noun), estimate(verb).
- 32. Imposs**ible** (French) possibility (French possibilité)
- 33. In**fer**, re**fer**, re**fer**ence-con**fer**ence (French conférence) re**fer**endum con**fer**ee-a person who takes part in a con**fer**ence.
- 34. **Dis**tinguish-**ex**tinguish.
- 35. Consider-consideration from French considérer, stress on the last syllable, hence one d.
- 36. Apply, drop the y and put ani: application; prefix+stem format, hence pp.
- 37. Circumstances from Latin circum-circle; relate Church, Dutch kerk, kirk in Scotland. The c sounds (k) in Latin. Also relates circumference-literally to ferry around the circle.
- 38. **Sen**ate from Latin **sen**ex (old man). Compare **sen**ior and **sen**ile hence one n.
- 39. Session-obsession-depression-impressionsuppression.
- 40. Prelimin**ary** from pre (before)+limen (Limit) **ary**: The honor**ary** secret**ary** of a lapid**ary** auxili**ary** made some prelimin**ary** arrangements in view of her golden annivers**ary** the following Febru**ary**. She rang the volunt**ary** mission**ary** who runs the bird sanctu**ary** and made him the benefici**ary** of

a large sum of money so that he could go ahead with the production of the contempor**ary** diction**ary** based on the common folk vocabul**ary**.

41. Allege from Latin lex (law). We all alleged that he went to evening college to increase his knowledge(d for study); however, he became a drug addict and consequently went off the edge.

## Spelling clues 43.

- 1. Celebrate-celebration-celebrant-celebrity.
- 2. **Cor**dial-**cor**dially from Latin **cor**, French **coeur**: literally from the heart. Compare **car**diac, **car**diologist.
- Recognise-cognition from re(again)+ cognoscere(to know) incognito – without being recognised.
- 4. **Custom**, ac**custom**: Tom got ac**custom**ed to call his **custom**ers by their name.
- 5. The addressee, the wife of Mr Lee, a trainee referee from Taree, will welcome you all at three with coffee and toffee.
- Agree**able**: whole word+**able**. Change-changeable. Keep the e to keep the sound of g.

- 7. Point-a**pp**oint-disa**pp**oint: Prefix+stem format, hence **pp**.
- 8. Thanks **for for**getting my birthday.
- 9. General-generally.
- 10. Occasion(French): Prefix+stem format, hence cc.
- 11. ceed: Only three words. Succeed, proceed, exceed.
- cede: precede, concede, recede, intercede. Concede-concession, recede-recession,

precede-precedence-precedent.

- 13. sede: supersede. "The new procedure will supersede any preceding procedure," said the Swede from Sweden.
- 14. The st**eed** succ**eed**ed in proc**eed**ing by exc**eed**ing the sp**eed** limit.

15. Immedeate from Latin in+mediare (in the middle). Compare median French immédiatement-immediately. Prefix+stem format, hence mm.

ate: I want an immediate, accurate and moderately elaborate certificate in duplicate.

16. Occur-occurring-recurring-occurred: Prefix+stem format, hence cc. ent, ence: Recurrent recurrence.

#### Homophones: current, currant; Mnemonic: ants like currants.

17. Pose-o**pp**ose.

Rose lives opposite the new building site.

- 18. Particul**ar**-particul**ar**ity.
- 19. Possess-possession.
- 20. Blissful, hopeful, spoonful, dreadful,... full & fill, but fulfil.
- 21. Tempt-temptation.
- 22. Feud-feud**al**-feud**al**ity. After a long f**eu**d in **Eu**rope, the winning party shouted, "**Eu**reka."
- 23. A shr**ew**d J**ew** asked which way the wind bl**ew** to a member of the cr**ew** before the plane was **due**.
- 24. Bury, drop the y and put an i: buried. U for underground.
- 25. Im**ag**e-im**ag**ine-im**ag**ination from French image, hence one m.
- 26. Mistake-mistaken, mislead, mis-spell,...
- 27. Move-mobile, movable-removable. Whole word (less e)+able. Removalist.
- 28. My ex-pupil is a civil engineer with the local civil council. He has a rather tranquil (tranquillity) job. He checks the pistils of the flowers during April showers, gets rid of unwanted fossils, sharpens pencils for lazy councillors, administers tranquilisers when their lives are in peril, provides them with

stencils, clips their tonsils, removes weevils from their nostrils despite the cavils of these evil devils.

- 29. ous for adjectives: perilous, advantageous, humorous, treacherous, dangerous,...
- 30. The gent sent me a present while I was absent.
- 31. Protest: noun and verb. Don't be pro-test; protest.
- 32. Provide-provision-provisional-provisionally. **Pro**(beforehand)+vision(see).
- 33. **ur**: The p**ur**pose of this trivial p**ur**suit is to expose the p**ur**ple fur of the p**ur**ring cat.
- 34. Quart-quarter-quarterly, quality-quantity.
- 35. Farewell to welfare.
- 36. A combi is a combination of a van and a sedan. French combinaison, combiner.
- 37. Part-depart-departure-impart-department.
- 38. Adults indulge, divulge, promulge.

#### **Spelling clues 44**

- 1. Educate-education-education**al**education**al**ly.
- 2. Fiction-friction-diction.
- 3. reign-foreign-foreigner.

- 4. **our** for nouns (eur in French): rum**our**, hum**our** but hum**or**ous.
- 5. Salute from French saluer. Salve in Latingreeting (in Latin, u and v are interchangeable).
- 6. The Police besieged the house on piers near the frontier in order to retrieve stolen briefcases. When the chief wielded a cricket bat, the fierceful looking thief with piercing eyes shrieked, "Good grief!" To his relief, the chief missed and achieved nothing much as such. However, I believe that in the end, the thief went to pieces when the chief's nice niece sent in her dog that belonged to a vicious species and certainly didn't want to reprieve the sentence of the thief, no matter how quickly the local priest arrived on the field to relieve the fiendish fiend.
- 7. Resist-resistance-resistant(resisting). But: insist-insistent(quality).
- 8. ea associates (body language): ear, hear, rehearsal, heard, deaf, head, heart, beat, breath, breathe, breast, sweat-sweater.
- Peninsula from Latin pen(almost+insula (island). Relate: isle(an "island in a church"), insular, insulate, isolate.
- 10. **Ex**cess-**re**cess-**pro**cess-**pri**ncess,... knowledge of **prefixes** is a tool in spelling.

- 11. Structure-instruct-destruct-construct,...
- 12. Solve-solvent... solution (u and v relation).
- 13. Wool-woollen-woolly.
- 14. Separate from French separer: Think apart
- 15. Ac**cept**-inter**cept**-con**cept**-con**cept**ion ac**cept**ance-ac**cept**ation.
- 16. ate: Kate was coming home late because she and her boyfriend didn't want to separate and decided to combine their first and their second date.
- 17. **er**: H**er** moth**er** was conc**er**ned that if she kept going the way she did, she would have et**er**nal int**er**nal problems, so she went full ast**er**n.
- 18. Second: **o** as **o**n tw**o**.(French seconde)
- 19. Arithmetic: You need to be meticulous to do arithmetic.
- 20. K**ate** and her m**ate** liked the clim**ate** of the Sunshine St**ate**.
- 21. Everyone is at the m**er**cy of commerci**al** commerce(commerci**al**ly).
- 22. Concession-procession.
- 23. Contagious.
- 24. Congratulate-congratulations from Latin con+gratus (pleasing).
- 25. Science-conscience-conscientious.
- 26. Constitution-constitution**al**-constitution**al**ly.
- 27. Continu**al**-continu**al**ly.

- 28. Contrast.
- 29. Converse-conversation-conversationalconversationally.

Converse-reverse-inverse-transverse-transverse-

- 30. **Respond**-cor**respond**-cor**respon**dence.
- 31. Corridor (French) from Latin correre-to run. Relate current.
- 32. Courage (French)-courageous.
- 33. Not only at the King's **court** do you have to be **court**eous but also amongst your own c**ou**ntrymen.

## Spelling clues 45

- 1. court, courteous, courtesy, country, your, young, youth, cousin.
- 2. Cow**ard**-cow**ard**ice: A cow is not a cow**ard**, nor is a leop**ard**(from leo+pardus, lion+horse paard in Dutch).

This wiz**ard** collects liz**ard**s that can go forw**ard**s(Dutch voorwaarts) and backw**ard**s.

- 3. Critic-criticise-criticism-critical-critically.
- Don't give me your criticism about my metabolism, my idealism or my mannerism. I might look like a prism but I have magnetism, so stop your snobism.

- 5. Cruci**al**-cruci**al**ly-crucify-crucifix from Latin crux-cross.
- 6. Cult-culture-cultivate.
- 7. Homophones: current: e for electricity or water. Ants like currants.
- 8. Dyn**a**mite-dyn**a**mic.
- Sphere-hemisphere from hemi(half)+sphere. Compare semi(half)+trailer and demijohn from French demi. The northern-and the southern hemispheres are here nor there in the atmosphere.
- 10. **Patch**-des**patch**: I'm moder**ate**ly desper**ate**(desper**a**do) to despatch this batch of matches before somebody else snatches my station wa**g**on.
- Double Dutch: thought(dacht). Caxton, the English printer, worked in Holland and adopted the gh combination used at the time(15<sup>th</sup> century).

Brought, wrought, bought, fought, nought, ought.

I **thought** you **ought** to have **brought** the **wrought** iron bike you **bought**, but instead, you **fought** with your younger brother when you lost four-**nought**.

**Note**: Many children read brought instead of bought; they obviously don't see the relation between bring-brought and buy-bought. The

same happens with **caught**; they don't relate the **a** in c**a**tch.

- 12. **Prefix+cept**: de**cept**-de**cept**ion, in**cept**in**cept**ion, con**cept**-con**cept**ion, inter**cept**inter**cept**ion, de**cept**ive from de**ce**ive (shows the **ce**).
- 13. Deliver from French délivrer. Deliverydeliver**ance**-deliver**ing**(action).
- Democrat-democratic-democracy from Greek demo(people)+cracy. Compare: aristocrat-aristocracy from aristos-the best.
- 15. Eccentic from ex+centre off centre(x changes to c).

**Con**centric circles with the same centre. An eccentric person.

16. In a modern(Spanish moderno, French moderne) democracy, it is compulsory to be instructed in literacy(from letter) in order to become moderately literate to get the School certificate(certificat in French).

17. Dessert(French): sweets, hence ss. Desert(from French désert): only one s for sand.

The Germ**an**(Germ**an**ic) **mer**maid(from French la mer=the sea) was waiting for her **dessert**, but not in the **desert** of course.

18. Troy, the boy from Woy Woy, always wants to destroy somebody else's toy.

- 19. **Prefix+struct(build):** structure(French), structural-structurally, instruct, destruct, construct, construction, destructive.
- 20. A G**er**man friend of mine hates g**er**ms so he is determ**ine**d to exam**ine** the possibility of using det**er**gent to clean his dentures.
- 21. The **dope** went to the **Pope** to show him the **envelope** he had **developed** before he **eloped**. (from Dutch weglopen-walk away)
- 22. Satisfy-**dis**satisfy from **dis**(not)+satisfy, hence ss. Satisfaction(French), satisfactory from Latin satis(enough)+facere(to make). Compare: factory, factorial, de facto (making up for, functioning as)
- 23. When you want to live in this **district**, you have to be happy with many **strict restrictions**.
- 24. Dominate from Latin dominus-lord, master.
- 25. Denomination(religion), denominator from French nom=name.

The denominater of  $\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $\frac{3}{4}$  is 4.

26. **Dis**tinguish-**dis**tinguished, **ex**tinguish-**ex**tinguisher.

27. **Double Dutch**: drought(Dutch droogte), sough(zuchten), plough(ploeg), bough(boog).

During the **drought**, the **bough** fell down onto the **plough**. Then, nothing was heard but the **sough** of the **w**ind in the **w**illows by the **w**indows of the **w**idows(alliteration).

- 28. The river was fraught with danger.
  - A butcher wanted to slaughter the old draughthorse of his haughty and naughty daughter. She was so distraught that she wanted to jump into the water. Her father laughted and caught so that taught her a lesson.

29. **Homophones**: du**el**-du**el**ling(fighting). du**al**-du**al**ity.

The **written** word **wound** has a dual(two) meaning: I wind, I wound.

The dog was wounded; it had a wound in his paw; poor thing.

- 30. "Let's open the parcel and celebrate," said the celebrant to the celebrity who was munching on some celery, the staple diet for Celtic people.
- 31. icle: This gentleman(gently) is very articulate.
   He wrote an article(French) on a particular
   particle in his own ventricle.
- 32. Occupy-occupant-occupancy-occupation.
- 33. per: perhaps, per kilo, percent, per annum,... The price per kilo is perhaps ½ percent of her salary(not celery) per annum (per year).
- 34. "Don't sn**eer** at me when I feel uncomfortable in this **eer**ie place."

- 35. Affect-affection-affectionate from Latin ad+facere(to do, to make), ad=to.
- 36. Effect from Latin e(intensifier)+facere: to do well. Effective-working well.
- 37. Kate is moderately affectionate, adequately considerate (consideration), deliberately accurate with the effect that she is rather effective in canvassing prospective customers.

## **Spelling clues 46**

- Migrate-emigrate (e=out+migrate-immigrate (in+migrate), hence mm. Migrant-emigrant.
   Birds and people migrate to escape the cold, the heat, a dictatorship,...
- 2. Emphasise, emphasis, emphatic.
- Energy from Greek en+ergon(work) from Latin energia from French énergie. Note: erg is the cgs unit of energy.
- 4. Engine-engineer: This English engineer likes to examine engines to see if they're genuine.
- 5. After the Melbourne Cup race, the admired sire was entirely tired, so it retired.
- Equal-equally-equality-equation-equatorequatorial.
   Equator: an imaginary circle that divides the earth into equal parts; the southern

hemisphere(helf) and the northern hemisphere(half).

- 7. The Titanic was not equi**pp**ed with enough safety equi**pm**ent.
- 8. **Equi**valent: **equal** value equivalent fractions: 1/3, 2/6, 3/9, 4/12,...
- Essence-essential-essentially.
   Incense is essential in some religious ceremonies (ceremonial).
- Prefix+cept: except-incept-conceptprecept-intercept-accept from ad+cept.
- 11. Prefix+cite: incite-excite.
- 12. Exc**ur**sion: from Latin ex(away)+currere(run). Relate c**ur**rent, hence ur.
- Prefix+hibit: prohibit-inhibit-exhibit from Latin habere-to have. Note b/v relation as in mobile-move; probe-prove.
- 14. Execute-execution-executive.
- 15. Exist from French exister: existence(French), existent-existentialist from ex+sistere(to stand).
- 16. Spend-expend-expendable-expenditureexpensive.
- 17. **Experi**ence: You need to **experi**ment to gain **experi**ence. **Experi**mental-**experi**mentally.
- 18. Experience-experiential-experientially.
- 19. Expl**a**nation-expl**ai**n. The same change in vowel length occurs in please-pleasant,

dream-dreamt, leap-leapt, sleep-slept, weep-wept.

- 20. Fact**or**y-fact**or**ial-fact**or**ise from Latin facereto make. De facto – in fact, taking the function of.
- 21. fashi**on**-fashionable(whole word+able). Don't push this fashionable **cush**ion off my **plush** chair.

## Spelling clues 47

- 1. A**bl**e-a**bl**y-ability: The able constable could do a handstand on the table in the stable.
- Aborigine from ab+origin(from the beginning): The original(originally) inhabitant of Australia.
- 3. Absor**b**-absor**p**tion: b and p are relatives(soft and hard). Absorbable(whole word+able) absorbance-absorptance.
- 4. Abund**a**nce-abund**a**nt. French abond**a**nce. Latin: abund**a**re.
- Academic(••—•)-academy(•—••).
   Each word contains a spelling clue for the other one because of the stress change.
- 6. A**cc**omplish from ad+complete: prefix+stem format, hence cc. Relate c**o**mplement to

hear the **o**: The c**o**mplement of 20 degrees is 70 degrees to "complete" the 90 degrees.

 Cumulate-accumulate- cumulative-cumulus clouds (billowing, cauliflower type thunder clouds).

**Kate** wanted to accumu**late** as many **date**s with the boy from the Sunshine **State** before it was too **late**.

- 8. Accurate from ad+cura(care) accuracy; curator shows the **a**. Curator: someone who "takes care of" a museum.
- 9. Kate is quite accurate and considerate but also moderately obstinate.
- 10. "If you really believe that you can achieve a high yield," said the chief's niece to her friend the local priest, "you can retrieve many stolen briefcases" when she caught the thief in the middle of the cricket field.
- 11. Jack acknowledged (d for study) the fact that he now goes to college in Edgecliff.
- 12. Prefix+quire: **in**quire, **re**quire. Before you can extinguish a fire, you have to inquire what sort of extinguisher is required.
- 13. Acute: an acute angle, an acute pain(sharp).
- Just-adjust-adjustable(whole word+able).
   Justin had just adjusted his adjustable seatbelt.

- 15. Prefix+mit: **ad**mit-**trans**mit-**per**mit-**ad**mission-**trans**mitter-**re**mitt**a**nce(**a**ction).
- 16. A**dole**scent; Quite a number of adolescents descend towards the **dole** office.
- 17. You have to go to Greece to find the ram with the golden fleece.
- 18. Advance Australia. Advances-advanced. Dance for advanced dancers.
- 19. **ae**: **ae**rate, **ae**rial, **ae**roplane, **ae**rodrome. Drome=runway(Greek).
- 20. Agriculture(French) from Latin ager-field. Cultivate, cult, culture, cultural, culturally.
- 21. Ally, alliance(French).
- 22. Allegiance: loyal-loyally-loyalty. Act of uniting.
- 23. Alter-alternate(-----)-alternate(-----)-alternating-alternative.
  You need to alter the halter otherwise the horse will falter.
- 24. Homophones: alter(change) and altar. Mary wants to get married in front of the altar.
- 25. S**alt**, h**alt**, m**alt**, f**alt**er(relate fault), h**alt**er(relate halt), **alt**er.
- 26. er: ern, ferns(e for green), tern, astern,
  German, berm, hernia.
  When a flock of erns and terns frightened a

German spermwhale, he got a hernia when he went full astern and bumped into a berm.

- 27. One I in combinations: altogether, always, almost, fulfil, until, also,...
  Can you check whether or not the wethers are still tethered together?
- 28. Am**ateur**(French from aimer-to love, from Latin am**a**re) Grand-grand**eur**: Despite all his grand**eur**, this chauff**eur** from Europe is only an amat**eur**.
- 29. Ambition-ambitious. I know no ambit; I am ambitious as wel as ambidextrous.
- 30. A**mm**unition from Latin munire-to suply: prefix+stem format, hence mm.
- 31. Finance-financi**al**-financi**al**ly.
- 32. Forfeit from Latin foris(outside)+facere(to make, to do).

Foreign from foris+reign(outside the reign of the king).

ei: That's weird; these foreigners always forfeit the game when they play us, so once again we can go home at our leisure(German leise=easy on).

- 33. Generator-generate-generation-generic. Foreign words with or: doctor, conductor,... generous-generosity.(drop the u)
- 34. **Nouns in us**: circ**us**, omnib**us**, hum**us**,... The **genius** who invented the **omnibus** took

us to the **circus** with a circular circumference in Florence.

35. Our for nouns: (type1)glamour-glamorous, humour-humorous.

(type2) flav**our**, fav**our**-fav**our**ite, col**our**col**our**ful,...

**note**: In many cases, **our** corresponds with **eur** in French which carries the stress. (faveur, couleur, humeur, but chauffeur remains French).

- 36. **Silent n**: gover**n**ment, but audible in gover**n**or(French gouver**n**eur).
- 37. Grade-graduate (noun and verb)graduation.
- 38. Grateful from Latin gratus+ful.
- 39. Limit from French limite, hence only one m.
- 40. Attitude from French attitude, from Italian attitudine, from Latin aptitudo. tt because it has the prefix+stem format: aptus(apt)+... so the p becomes t to blend.
- 41. Individu**al**-individu**al**ly.

#### **Spelling clues 48**

 grudge, drudge, fudge, badge, dodge, lodge, ridge, bridge, fridge, edge, hedge.

- guarantee, guard, guardian. Having a guard is no guarantee that your place full of coffee and toffee won't be ransacked, "said the referee to the new addressee who had changed her address from Mudgee to Taree.
- 3. Guard-guardi**an an**g**el**, ang**el**ic-Ang**el**ica (archangel). An**gl**e-an**gl**ing.
- 4. **Gym**: short for **gymnasium**; a place where you have to control your **equilibrium**.
- um: triumph, a triumphant, elephant. An aquarium(from aqua-water) is made of glass, not aluminium. This nursery sells geraniums from Belgium at a price between minimum and maximum for anybody's mum on Mother's Day.
- Heli (from Greek): French hélice-spiral, propeller; hence one l.(long sound).
   Helicopter, helipad.
- 7. This stoic hero is heroic. Although his wife was a heroine, now she doesn't know where she's going because she's addicted to heroin.
- 8. He is her **hero** because he saved her when someone doused her with **kero**(kerosene).
- 9. Funeral from French funéraire, hence the a and the e).

- Hesitate from French hésiter; long sounding e, hence one s sounding(z). hesitant. Don't just sit there, it makes you hesitant and procrastinate from Latin till pro(until)+cras (tomorrow).
- 11. Hori**zon**-hori**zon**tal-hori**zon**tally from Greek horos-limit(French limite) Relate horo-circle dance, hour, French heure(around the clock). Note: There's not one student who relates horizontal to horizon.
- 12. Horr**ible**(French). Terr**ible**(French): part word+**ible**.
- 13. Hospital, hospitality, hospitable.
- 14. Anonymous from a(no, not)+nom(name). Note that the **m** changes to **n** because the next m would have made it awkward. Compare: de**nom**inator from de+nom – a **nam**e giver: 1/5, 2/5, 3/5, 4/5.
- 15. Anxious, anxiety from French anxieux. Chris(short for Christian, Christopher) is always anxious towards Christmas.
- 16. Apologise, apology from Greek apo(away from, off)+logos(speech). Compare logic.
- 17. Auto(self)+stem: **auto**graph, **auto**mobile **auto**matic, **auto**biography.
- 18. Auxiliary from French auxiliaire in which the il hasn't got the stress, hence one I.

- 19. Mary works as a voluntary secretary for an Australian Ladies Auxiliary because she has a very good vocabulary thanks to the fact that she became the beneficiary between January and February of a contemporary dictionary produced by the local literary society.
- 20. Our doct**or** is a bachel**or**.
- 21. **Barbecue**: "The barbecue should **be** next to the **bar**," said a member of the res**cue** squad.
- 22. This **bear** is **barely** dangerous; he walks **bare** foot.
- 23. Come to the bar, we have a bargain again.
- 24. Homophones: baron barren.
- 25. **Basin**.
- 26. Beauty, beautiful, beautify. The beauty and the beast went East to have a feast for at least a year.

Beauty(silent ea) from French beau.

- 27. Behave-behaviour, saviour. The I sounds as y in you.
- 28. Bile-bilious. This bilious **rebel** is very **rebel**lious.
- 29. Homophones: The boarder crossed the border in good order, but he fell overboard as soon as he was aboard.
- 30. Not all **monk**s breed **monk**eys.

- 31. Hygiene: from French hygiène, from Greek hygienic.
- 32. **ie**: The ch**ie**f's n**ie**ce was very hyg**ie**nic but she d**ie**d on the crick**e**t f**ie**ld while she stud**ie**d sc**ie**nce.
- 33. Identify, identification, identity(ID)
- 34. Idi**o**t(French): idi**o**tic(spelling through word building).

The zeal of the zealot turned him into an idiot. One day, he tried to pivot on an ingot to give a carrot to a parrot.

- 35. Does Bob **Carr** like **carr**ots? From French carotte; long a, hence no rr.
- 36. Imitate, imitation from French imiter with I pronounced as ee, hence one m.
- 37. Patient, patience (French); Spanish paciencia with the stress on the e(Penny).
  Impatient from in(not)+patient: n changes to m before p. impossible, important.
- 38. Prefix+ port(carry): import, export, deport, importation, exportation, deportation(illegal foreigners), important, importance.
- 39. Incident, incidental, incidentally, accident, accidental, accidentally(cc: different and audible)
- 40. Inevitable(not+avoidable): from French éviter-to avoid(long e, one v).

41. Inferi**or**, inferi**or**ity from Latin inferus-low. Superi**or**-superi**or**ity from superus, super.

## Spelling clues 49

- Flame-flammable-inflammable-inflameinflamation. French flamme, s'enflammer go up in flames.
- 2. Influ**ent**-influ**ent**ial-influ**ent**ially-influ**en**ceflu**en**cy from Latin in+fluere-to flow freely.
- 3. Char**ac**ter from French car**ac**tère. These two charming characteristic char**ac**ters inter**ac**t like a catar**ac**t.
- 4. Innoc**ent**(adjective; non-active)innoc**ence** from in+nocere(harmless); relate noxious, obnoxious.

ent: When the president (presidential) found that the resident (residential) was evidently innocent and no delinquent but consistently decent throughout last century, he ordered his confident(confidential) correspondent to prepare a release document(documentary) for the respondent.

- 5. Respond-correspond from com+respond; m changes to r.
- Interfere, interference from Latin inter+ferir(to strike). There's no need to interfere here; it would spoil the atmosphere.

- Interior-exterior.
   Famous models (modelling) know that their exterior is superior (superiority) but they forget that their interior might be inferior (inferiority).
- 8. Jovi**al**-jovi**al**ly from Latin jovi**al**is of the planet Jupiter considered by astrologers to foster good humeur.(relate v-b-p).
- Juvenile from Latin juvenilis; Spanish joven(young), juventud-youngsters. Juvenile delinquent graffiti in the city.
- Junction, function-functional-functionally: Although he is usually punctual (on the dot), he had a puncture at Bondi Junction so his tyre didn't function.
- 11. Kindergar**t**en(German: children+gar**d**en); playschool.
- 12. **Kiosk** from French kiosque, ultimately from Persian.

"I left one **ski** in the **ki**osk at Del Rio," wailed Mario into his 2-way radio.

13. Double Dutch: silent k. The knight put down his knapsack in order to turn the knurled doorknob. Since he didn't know that there was a special knack to it, he got his knickers in a knot, so much so that they dropped off on the spot. However, when he kneeled down on his knees to pull them up, he knocked his knuckle against his knife. When he heard a woman chuckle, heknew it was his wife.

- 14. Brilli**ant**-brilli**ance** from French brillant, briller(to shine).
- 15. Irritate-irritant-irritable. The constable's wife is always irritable and therefore rather unstable.
- 16. During a cruise, a builder spilt his fruitjuice with ice because he had a bruised finger. He didn't linger any longer because he had ruined his suit so his anger got stronger and stronger.
- 17. Bureau (French-office, desk):
  The weather bureau is run by a beautiful looking female bureaucrat who likes to chat about the weather and all that.
- Bury, drop the y and put an i: burial; u for underground.

I witnessed the **burial** of the **general** during the **funeral**.

19. Cabinet(French with a long a, hence only one b).

The **cab**driver bought a **cab**inet for his **cab**in on the beach.

20. Calculate-calculat**or**: compare doct**or**, conduct**or**, instruct**or**, direct**or**,... From Latin calculus-calculi: pebbles(relate chalk). The Romans used calculi on a counting board to figure out the price of something; it was the forerunner of coins.

21. Panam**a** C**a**nal.(Dutch kanaal) relate channel.

Ban**al**-ban**al**ity.

- 22. Candidate from French candidat.
- 23. **Carpenter** from French charpentier: Most carpenters have a car because they have plenty of work.

24. **Catalogue**(French; Dutch catalogus): from Greek cata(completely)+legein to collect. I looked in the **cata**logue to find the ultimate **cata**.....pult without any result. After the **cata**clysm, the **cata**ract of water caused a **cata**strophe; it was **cata**strophic.

The dead king was put on a **cata**falque before being placed in the **cata**com**b**s or in a tomb. (**b** pronounced in French tombeau & **cata**combes).

## 25. **Cathedral** from French cathédr**al**e; Spanish catedr**al**.

Cathy always spends some time in a cathedral although she's not a catholic catholic ism is subject to criticism.

26. **Cauli**flower: (Dutch bloem**kool**=flower**caul**; relate **cole**slaw).

Australian cauliflowers proliferate in autum**n** during autum**n**al showers. 27. Cemetary from French cimetière.

"Both cement (c for concrete) and cemetary can be found in our contempor**ary** diction**ary**," said the libr**ar**ian at the local libr**ar**y.

A dromed**ary** may be seen in a sanctu**ary** from Latin sanctus-holy.(drome=run; Greek.)

28. Century- (from French cent=100) centurial.

- 29. Ceremony, ceremonial, ceremonially. After the harvest of all cereals(real wheat), the farmers celebrated with a special (especially) ceremony.
- 30. Certific**ate** from French certific**at**. Are you certain that **Kate** got her certific**ate**?
- 31. **Challenge**: "I shall a**cc**ept the chall**enge** without rev**enge**," said the old man who lived behind the famous Stone H**enge**.
- 32. Legacy, legate-delegate(relate lex=law). The delegate went to the Sunshine State to receive a legacy. To his astonishment, he found that is was only a book on Numeracy and Literacy for a modern democracy.
- 33. Legible (adjective: it can be read). It is not possible to read this illegible (from in+legible) scribble (scribbling).
- 34. Scribe-inscribe: Relate script-scripture (something written). From Latin scribere,

French écriver, Dutch schrijven; **Note** p, b, v, relationship again(move-mobile).

35. Lettuce from French laitue:

Br**uce** loves lett**uce**.

**Homophone**: **lattice** is made with slats of thin wood.

Notice: go to the office to order your lattice. 36. Licence.

The licensee is licensed because he is given a licence.

#### Spelling clues 50

- 1. Life-live-lively-livelihood.
- 2. Loyal, loyally, loyalty. Royal-royally-royalty.
- 3. Lubricate-lubrication.
- Luminous from Latin lumen-light: illuminate from in+luminate French lumière to put in the limelight. Hence luminance with a.
- 5. Lux**ur**y-lux**ur**ious from Latin lux=light.
- 6. Magnify-magnificent-magnificence.
- Orchard=garden.
   Miss Leopard has an orchard underneath her porch which is rather awkward because she can hardly go forward.
- 8. Man**age**-manager from Latin manus, French main-hand.

This man is a man**age**r; he man**age**s a village store with items galore.

- 9. Man**oeuvre** from man(hand)+**oeuvre**(work); literally hand-made work.
- Manufacture from Latin manus(hand)+facere(to make): also made by hand.
- 11. Marvel-marvellous.
- 12. Mass**acre**. The mass**acre** took place on a five-**acre** property.
- 13. Materi**al**.
- Meagre-meagrely from French maigre. Compare: eager-eagerly(hear the difference).
- 15. Mercy-merciful.
- 16. Merino.
- 17. Milit**a**ry, milit**a**te(against), militia from French militaire; long i, hence one l.
- 18. Million, millionaire from French million.
- 19. Miniature (French; long i, hence one n).
- 20. A min**ute** is a min**ute** part of one year.
- 21. Mono-monotone-monotonous.
- 22. Music-musici**an**.

Orchestra-orchestrate.

23. A **music**ian makes **music**. Although he might play an **electric** guitar, he's not an **electric**ian.

- 24. Myst**er**y-myst**er**ious; drop the y and put an i: French mystère with **er** well defined. My **myster**ious friend likes to solve **myster**ies.
- 25. Neglig**ent**, neglig**ence**. This **gent** was negli**gent**, hence he was booked for negligence.
- 26. Neutr**al**-neutr**ally**-neutr**al**ity. During W.W.II, some European countries were neutral.

# 27. **Notice-notice**able(whole word+able): French notice.

Did you notice the notice on the office door? Closed owing to lice and mice.

- 28. Nuis**ance** from French nuire(harm), nuiss**ant**annoy**ing**; ennuyer-to annoy.
- 29. Obsolete: Please delete this item from the catalogue; it's now obsolete.
  By the time this concrete building is complete, it will be obsolete.
- 30. Occasion-occasional-occasionally. French occasion; Prefix+stem format; cc.
- 31. Omit-omission, transmit-transmission, admitadmission.
- 32. This is an o**pp**ortune moment to voice your **opinion**. The i sounds y as in you; compare union, onion, million,...
- 33. Or**deal**: **deal**ing cards is not a big **deal**.

34. Ordin**ar**y (from French ordinaire) ordin**ar**ily. M**ary** is not an ordin**ary** contempor**ary** volunt**ary** secret secret**ary** because she was born on the 29<sup>th</sup> of Febru**ary**.

## **Spelling clues 51**

- 1. Pageant: **Page** and **Grant** want to dress up as a bull**ant** for the page**ant**.
- 2. et words: A pickpocket, dressed in a single singlet and a velvet helmet on a head shaped like a rocket and a glass eye that he could pop out of its socket, pretended to hand out pamphlets announcing the sale of cheap ticket for the one-day cricket match that could be watched on the balcony of a minaret until sunset.

When the **triplets** of a **midget** started to **fidget**, the pick**pocket** pinched his **wallet** because he wanted to buy a new **skillet** and some **millet** to fry his **fillet**.

 Paralyse, paralysis, parachute(something against the fall), parasol(something against the sun), analyse, analysis. My sister was almost paralysed when she

analysed her mistakes.

4. Orph**a**n-orph**a**nage from Latin orph**a**nus; Greek orph**a**nos.

Tom is **an** orph**an** in **an** orph**an**age.

5. Parli**a**ment, parli**a**mentary, parliamentarian. From French parler=to speak. Relate parlour, parley(discussion).

Our neighbour from Sydn**ey** organised a parl**ey** in our parlour.

- 6. Particip**a**te-particip**a**tion-particip**a**nt (action: taking part).
- 7. Particular-particularity.
- 8. Pass-passenger.
  - Not every passenger is a messenger.
- 9. Patient-patience (French). Spanish paciencia in which the en is audible. The I sounds y as in you. Compare onion, union, million. Note: In Dutch, the y is`written as ij, two separate letters. Written hastily without the dots and linked, it becomes y. Therefore the I is the front part of y and functions as y in the middle of a word: happy-happier.
- Penetrate from French pénétrer. Penetrant, penetrance. Penelope was the wife of Odysseus. Nobody else could penetrate her heart.
- 11. Penny, penniless. Drop the y and put an i.
- 12. Enemy.
- 13. Peculiar, peculiarity. A peculiar liar.

14. Severe, persevere, perseverance.The weather is rather severe here although it is merely a fraction of the weather there.

- Picture, picturesque.
   An Arabian Arab sold an arabesque that was very picturesque.
- 16. Visual spelling: pigeon hole.
- 17. **Pedes**tal, **pedes**trian from pedes-foot(French pied).

Brian and Adrian hit a pedestrian, a colossal man standing on a pedestal and singing hymns from a biblical hymnal instead of a historical missal. As a result of the accidental interval of his unusual ritual, the colossal man went to hospital.

Hospit**al**, hospit**al**ity.

- 18. Pierce, fierce.
- 19. Pion**eer**: Don't sneer at this pioneer.
- 20. **Platy**pus, **octo**pus from Greek flat footed and 8 feet.
- 21. **P**neumonia from Greek pneuma-air(relate French pneu-(air filled tyre). Pneumonic (affecting the lungs).
- 22. Poetry, poet, poem French poème.
- 23. Portray; drop the y and put an i: portrait(French).
- 24. Postpone, opponent, postponement.

- 25. Caution-precaution, cautious.
  - An **Au**stralian mechanic didn't want to dismantle the petrol g**au**ge bec**au**se he had to observe too many prec**au**tions.
- 26. Precip**ice**: French précipice. The precip**ice** was covered with **ice**.
- 27. Prefer, preference, preferred, refer, reference, referee.
- 28. **Pre**jud**ice**: Literally a judgement made beforehand. Relate prejudge. It's not nice to indulge in **prejudice**; I rather throw **dice** once or **twice**.
- 29. Prescri**b**e-prescri**p**tion, scri**b**e-scri**p**t-scri**p**tures French écri**v**er=to write.
- 30. Primitive.
- 31. Proceed-procession, succeed-succession, successive, exceed-excessive.
- 32. Profess-professor(French professeur)profession.
- 33. noun-pronoun-pronounce-announcedenounce(prefix+stem format) ad+nounce, but: pronunciation(the o is left out)
- 34. **alm**: Dutch connection. **P**salm-palm-calmembalm.
- 35. Punctuate-puncture(punct=point), punctu**al**(on the dot), punctu**ally**.
- 36. **Qua**lify; drop the y and put an i(the front part of the y), **qua**lification.

- 37. Qu**arry**: H**arry** lived in an abandoned quarry before he decided to m**arry**.
- 38. Quote, note, wrote, vote, rote, quotation.

## Spelling clues 52

- 1. Foreign nouns in **us**: radi**us**, circ**us**, hum**us**, surpl**us**,...
- 2. **Ratio**, **ratio**nal, **ratio**nalise, ir**ratio**nal(ir=in=not: Prefix+stem format; rr) rationally.
- 3. Real, realise, realisation.
- 4. Prefix+stem: inter**cept**, con**cept**, re**cept**ion (from re**ce**ive), contra**cept**ion(against receiving), re**cept**acle.
- 5. Recept**acle**: This recept**acle** is able to hold one hundred spect**acle**s.
- 6. **Spect**acle(French)-in**spect**-in**spect**ionre**spect**, **spect**rum from spect=look.
- 7. **Vessel**, tins**el**, shriv**el**(shriv**el**ling), swiv**el** (swiv**el**ling), chis**el**(chis**el**ling).
- 8. Recipe(from receive): Latin recipere.
- 9. Co**mm**end-reco**mm**end: prefix+stem format, hence mm.
- 10. Recr**ui**t: In his purs**ui**t to slake his thirst, the recr**ui**t spilt fr**ui**tj**ui**ce on his s**ui**t.
- 11. Pursue from French poursuivre.
- 12. Refrigerator. Note: the short version **fridge** conforms with **bridge**.

- 13. Register: (French régistre(noun), enrégistrer(verb).
- 14. Register, registration(rego for short).
- 15. Relax-relaxation, lax-laxative, tax-taxation, taxable.

You have to consult a tax t**able** to find your tax**able** income.

## 16. Remember.

- 17. Repeat, re**pet**ition, re**pet**itive.
- 18. Reprimand.
- 19. Repute-reputed, reputation.
- 20. Reserve-reserved-deserve-conservepreserve, serve-service-servant, servietteself serve.
- Reservation, reservoir(French)
   One of our **choir**(think **ch**orus) boys fell into a reserv**oir**.
- 22. Resign, resignation, design, sign, signalsignalling, signature.
- 23. Resist-resist**ant**-resist**ance** from French résister(**ant=ing**; action)
- 24. **Respond**-cor**respond**(prefix+stem format, hence rr). Responsive, responsibleirresponsible (ir=in=not)
- 25. Rom**an**ce, rom**an**tic.
- 26. Rur**al**, rur**al**ly, rur**al**ity from Latin ruralis (country). French rural.

- 27. Savage-salvage, salvation, salvable, El Salvador (The Saviour) Latin salvare-to save. Compare **salve! Salvete!** Roman greetings.
- 28. Sanctu**ary** from Latin sanctus-holy.
- 29. ary: When Mary Dromedary, an honorary secretary (secret) for a ladies auxiliary, became the beneficiary of a contemporary sanctuary and a non-incendiary planetary, her husband Ary Dromedary who was born somewhere between January and February (8 letters) and a voluntary soldier in the military, immediately quit in order to write a new dictionary with commentary for the library of a missionary because this man wanted to improve his vocabulary.
- 30. Sarcasm, sarcastic. The actor in the cast is rather sarcastic; he suffers from sarcasm spasms.
- 31. Satellite (French). This bank teller comes to work by satellite but it looks like an ordinary kite.
- 32. Satisfy-satisfied from Latin satis(enough) + facere(to make). French satisfaire-satisfait (faire=to do, make). Satisfact**ory**, satisfact**ori**ly, fact, fact**ory**, fact**or**.

- 33. Scarce-scarcely-scarcity. There is no scarcity in this city; it's almost scary all these cars.
- 34. Scheme(French scheme; Dutch schema).
  "I like the theme of your scheme as well as its schedule," said the scholastic scholar.

## Spelling clues 52

- 1. Scissor: s for sharp, c for cut, o for the hole, ss; one for each **s**ide. Visualised spelling.
- 2. **sc words: sc**ience, **sc**ent, **sc**iatica,... con**sc**ience.
- 3. Sculpt-sculptor-sculpture.
- 4. Skeleton; Dutch skelet, French squelette: Tony and Anton(Antonius) found an abandoned skeleton complete with the skull of a missing person; they reckon that it is of the Mason's son who escaped from prison one year ago. He either was killed by a bison or by poisoned melon, lemon or bacon.
- 5. Solicit**or**, solicit: This solid (French solide, hence one I) looking solicitor likes solitude from French seul, Latin solus=alone.

6. **Homophones**: sauce & source; both end in ce.

Frankfurters and hamburgers with tomato sauce.

Our neigbour turned **sour** when he couldn't find the **sour**ce(French: spring) of the water c**our**se. (s and c interchange): relate c for current, courier.

- 7. Sorceror (French sorcier) The sorceror lived near the source of the water course where he changed tomato sauce into apple sauce which he used as fuel for his flying saucer.
- Spectacle-spectacular, spectacularity,
   Spectrum: relate inspect, retrospect(look back), prospect(look ahead) circumspect (cautious; look from all angles (circle), suspect-suspicious(look underneath to find the truth(Latin specere-to look.)
- 9. Squab**ble**-squab**bl**ing, wab**ble**-wab**b**ly.
- Deal, heal(healthy), meal, peal, seal, teal, veal, weal(wealthy), zeal(zealous), steal (stealthy), squeal.

When the **teal** wanted to **steal** the **seal's meal** with **real veal**, the **seal** started to **squeal** so hard that the local churchbell started to **peal** which didn't **appeal** a **great deal** to the local priest because it caused such an **ordeal**.

- 11. Substance, substantial, substantiate, substantially, substantive.
- 12. Suburb from Latin sub(under, around)+ urb(city).

Suburb**an**, urb**an**, urb**an**e, urb**an**ise. There is a **ban** on ur**ban** truck traffic.

- 13. Suffice, sufficient-insufficient. (adjective, hence-usually-ent)
- 14. Suit-suit**able** (whole word+able). The recruit spilt fruitjuice with ice on his wedding suit so it was not suitable to be worn during the cruise any longer.
- 15. Summit, summ**ary**. They'll hold a summit meeting this summer.
- 16. Submit-submission, transmit-transmission, intermit-intermission. admit-remit-remittance(action).
- 17. **ei**: s**ei**ze, s**ei**zure.
  - When the w**ei**rdly conc**ei**ted fellow s**ei**zed my rec**ei**pt, I almost had a s**ei**zure. Con**ce**ive-con**ce**ption, re**ce**ive-re**ce**ption.
- 18. Select-selection, elect-election.
- 19. Supervisor from Latin super+visor from visionto see: overseeer. Relate: surveyor-literally someone who casts an eye over(French sur: compare surplus, surrender,...)
- 20. Surgical, surge**on**, surgically, surgery. The st**ur**dy, c**ur**ly s**ur**ge**on** told me not to eat

bac**on** on toast, lem**on** or mel**on** before the operati**on**.

- 21. Mr Pige**on** is a famous s**ur**ge**on** so there is quite an ups**ur**ge in the number of patients.
- 22. **sur**-French over: **sur**charge, **sur**render, **sur**prise, **sur**vey, **sur**veyor.
- 23. sus=sub: suspend from Latin sus=sub+ pendere(to hang). Suspend-suspension-suspense. suspect(to look under)-suspicion-suspicious.
- 24. Swell-swelled-swelling-swollen.
- 25. Sym**path**y-sym**path**etic-**path**etic from Greek sym (same, together)+**path**os(feel).
- 26. System from French système, hence the e. Systematic, automatic, pneumatic(compare French pneu-air filled tyre).
- 27. Technic**al**, technic**all**y, technician, electrician, magic, magician, technique (French), technics.
- 28. Tend, tend**en**cy, tend**en**cious. These ten dentists have a tendency to pull out good teeth.
- 29. Terrify, terrific, terrible.
- 30. Territ**or**y-territ**or**ial from French territoire from la terre-the earth.
  - Compare: terra cotta-baked earth.
  - Mediterranean sea between two lands.

Terrain, terrarium, terrestrial. (Spanish terremoto-earthquake).

- 31. Tort**oise**, porp**oise**.
  - The por**poise poise**d for a moment to look at the tort**oise** and then disappeared without making the slightest n**oise**.
- 32. us words: surplus, circus, humus, omnibus, rhombus, rompus, impetus, octopus, platypus, sarcophagus, oesophagus, hippopotamus, isthmus, discus, citrus, syllabus, narcissus, Aquarius, asparagus,....
  The discus shaped circus on the isthmus-famous for its citrus, asparagus and a special type of narcissus- has a surplus of items for sale: an ancient Egyptian sarcophagus, a hippopotamus with the world's largest oesophagus, a rompus room for a platypus and an octopus, as well as the latest syllabus with instructions how to draw a rhombus.
  33. Traitor from French trahir-to betray.
  - Portrait of a traitor.

## **Spelling clues 54**

- Triumph, triumphant.
   Eleven triumphantly trumpeting elephants.
- 2. Type-typical-typically.
- 3. Would there be uranium on Uranus?

- 4. **ute**-short for utility from French utile-handy.
- 5. Vill**ain** from Latin villanus-worker on a country estate(Rome).
  - I'm almost **certain** that **captain**(from Latin caput-head) **Curtain** was a **villain**. At present, he lives in the Blue **Mountains** where he sells **fountains**.
- 6. Volunteer from French volonté-wil, volontierswillingly.

My uncle is a voluntary volunteer in the Bush Fire Brigade.

- 7. Waratah, galah, verandah.
  Ah! There you are, on the verandah, between the galah and your gala waratah.
- 8. **Drew**, with**drew**, with**draw**al, with**draw**ing. N**ew**, ren**ew**, ren**ew**al, ren**ew**ing.
- 9. Wrestle, wrestling, wrestler from wrist (hence one t).

To **remember** the **w**, think **w**ristwatch.

- 10. Abatt**oir**(compare reservoir) French from abattre-to fell.
- 11. Ab**dom**en, ab**dom**in**al**, ab**dom**in**al**ly. Many men suffer from an enlarged abdomen which causes abdominal and spinal problems.
- Buffalo (Dutch buffel).
   I've never seen a halo around the head of a buffalo so it must not be holy.

- 13. A **bungalow** is usually too low to accommodate a **buffalo**.
- 14. Consume-consumer from French consumerto consume, consumption.
- 15. Domesticate from Latin domus-house domestic.
- 16. Herbivore-herbivorous from herb(grass)+ vore(eat); relate voracious. Carnivore-carnivorous from carne(meat in Spanish) relate carnival(last day of eating meat before Lent).

Omn**iv**ore-omn**iv**orous from omni-everything.

17. Bus is short for **omni**bus: transport for everyone.

Compare: **omni**potent-**al**mighty.

Potent(strong), potential, potentially.

- Suffocate from Latin sub+fauces(throat).
   Faucet-US name for tap.
   The doctor wanted to focus his attention on how his patient suffocated.
- 19. Ventilate-ventilation from French le vent-the wind.
- 20. Commonwealth: weal-wealth-wealthy.
- 21. Competent-competence.
- 22. Com**pos**ite, com**pos**ition, com**pos**e from French composer, Latin con=com+ponere(to put in place).
- 23. Compost.

- 24. Combust, combustion from Latin con=com(intensifier)+burere(to burn).
- 25. Somnolent-insomnia from Somnus, the Roman god of sleep(Greek Hypnos). Indolent from Latin dolere-to grieve; Spanish doler-to hurt, dolor-pain, hence **pan**a**dol**, to cure all pain.
- 26. Compl**e**te, compl**e**ment. But: compl**i**ment(French to praise).
- 27. Comic**al**, comically from French comique, hence one m.
- 28. Com**ed**y-com**ed**ian. This man is a real comedian.
- 29. **Homograph** from homo(same)+graph(to write; Greek).

Homonym: same name relate: synonym. Homophone: same sound.